



# SubDrive75/100/150/300 MonoDrive, MonoDriveXT

## Constant pressure controller Installation Manual

**ATTENTION!**  
**IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR INSTALLERS OF THIS EQUIPMENT!**

*THIS EQUIPMENT IS INTENDED FOR INSTALLATION BY TECHNICALLY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL. FAILURE TO INSTALL IT IN COMPLIANCE WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL ELECTRICAL CODES, AND WITHIN FRANKLIN ELECTRIC RECOMMENDATIONS, MAY RESULT IN ELECTRICAL SHOCK OR FIRE HAZARD, UNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE, AND EQUIPMENT FAILURE. FRANKLIN INSTALLATION INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE FROM PUMP MANUFACTURERS AND DISTRIBUTORS, AND DIRECTLY FROM FRANKLIN ELECTRIC. CALL FRANKLIN TOLL FREE 800-348-2420 FOR INFORMATION.*

**WARNING**

*SERIOUS OR FATAL ELECTRICAL SHOCK MAY RESULT FROM FAILURE TO CONNECT THE MOTOR, CONTROL ENCLOSURES, METAL PLUMBING, AND ALL OTHER METAL NEAR THE MOTOR OR CABLE, TO THE POWER SUPPLY GROUND TERMINAL USING WIRE NO SMALLER THAN MOTOR CABLE WIRES. TO REDUCE RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DISCONNECT POWER BEFORE WORKING ON OR AROUND THE WATER SYSTEM. DO NOT USE MOTOR IN SWIMMING AREAS.*

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**Table 1: SubDrive and MonoDrive Models**

Model Name	Part Number	Use with Motor Series
SubDrive75	5870203380 (NEMA 1)	234 514 xxxx (1.5 hp (1.1 kW))
	5870203384 (NEMA 4)	
SubDrive100	5870204100 (NEMA 1)	234 315 xxxx (2.0 hp (1.5 kW))
	5870204104 (NEMA 4)	
SubDrive150	5870204150 (NEMA 1)	234 316 xxxx (3.0 hp (2.2 kW))
	5870204154 (NEMA 4)	
SubDrive300	5870206300 (NEMA 4)	234 317 xxxx (5.0 hp (3.7 kW))
MonoDrive	5870203110 (NEMA 1)	214 505 xxxx (1/2 hp (0.37 kW))
		214 507 xxxx (3/4 hp (0.55 kW))
	5870203114 (NEMA 4)	214 508 xxxx (1.0 hp (0.75 kW))
MonoDriveXT	5870204110 (NEMA 1)	224 300 xxxx (1.5 hp (1.1 kW))
	5870204114 (NEMA 4)	224 301 xxxx (2.0 hp (1.5 kW))

## Declaration of Conformity

Franklin Electric declares under our sole responsibility, all SubDrive/MonoDrive series 587 020 3xx0 controllers are in conformity with the Council Directives on the approximation to the laws of the EEC member states relating to the following:

- Electromagnetic Compatibility (89/336/EEC): Adjustable Speed Electrical Power Drive Systems: Standard EN61800-3
- Low-Voltage Electrical Safety (73/23/EEC) (amending 93/68/EEC): Safety of Household and Similar Electrical Appliances: Standard EN60335-1



# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Description and Features



The Franklin Electric SubDrive/MonoDrive is a dependable residential water system controller that uses advanced electronics to enhance the performance of standard submersible pumps. When used with the specified Franklin Electric motor (see Table 1, pg. 4), the SubDrive/MonoDrive eliminates pressure cycling associated with conventional water well systems and owners of private water well systems can enjoy “city-like” water pressure.

In addition, the reduced tank size (see Table 4, pg. 27) allows installation in small spaces.

### SubDrive/MonoDrive Key Features:

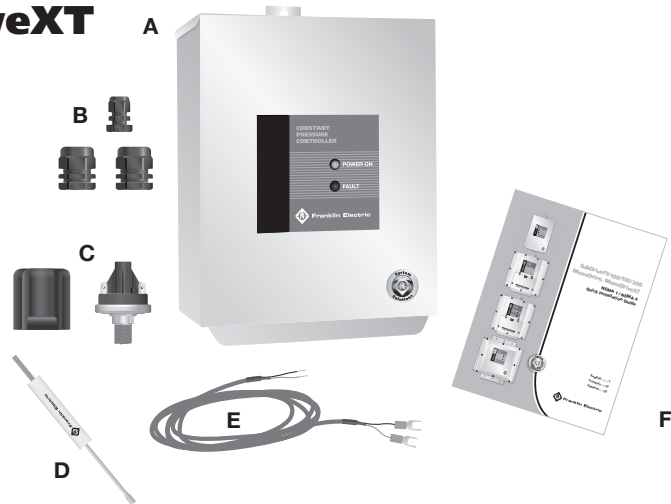
- Constant water pressure with a wide range of settings (25-80 psi) (1.7-5.4 bar)
- Smaller pressure tank can be used
- Fits the pump to the application – pump speed is controlled to provide the optimum performance without overloading the motor
- Flexibility – this unit can be used with standard off-the-shelf pumps
- No in-rush (power-on transient) current
- Low motor start-up current (soft-starting)
- Active Power Factor Correction minimizes input RMS current

### Protection Features:

- Dry well conditions – with smart pump monitoring (see Figure 1, pg. 18)
- Bound pump – with auto-reversing torque
- High voltage / lightning surge
- Low line voltage
- Open motor circuit
- Short circuit

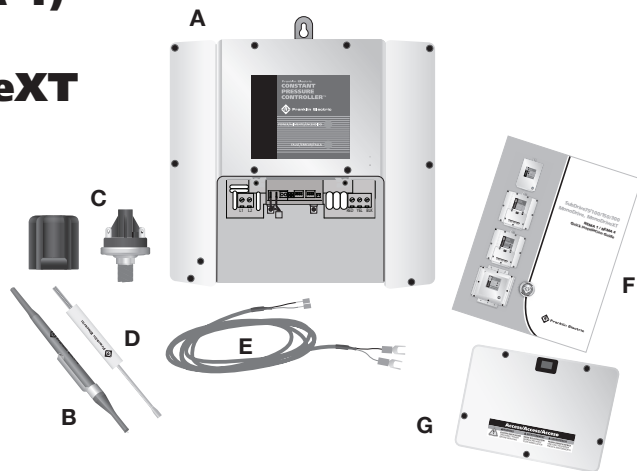
**Included Items (NEMA 1)  
SubDrive75/100/150  
MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT**

- A. Controller Unit
- B. Strain Relief Fittings
- C. Pressure Sensor and Boot
- D. Sensor Adjustment Tool
- E. Sensor Cable
- F. Installation Guide



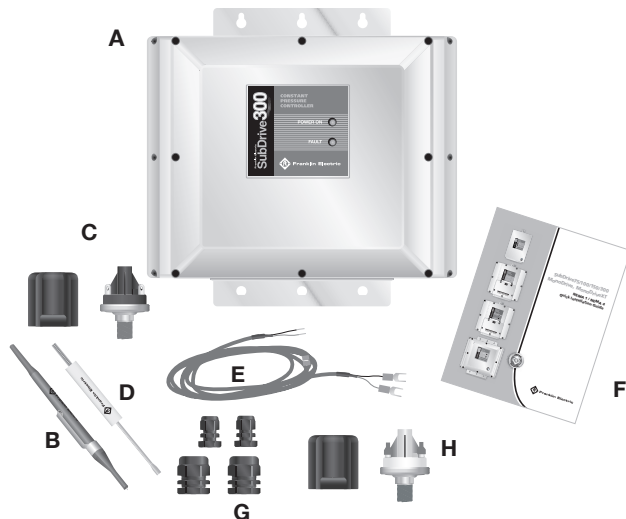
**Included Items (NEMA 4)  
SubDrive75/100/150  
MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT**

- A. Controller Unit
- B. Pot Adjustment Screw Driver
- C. Pressure Sensor and Boot
- D. Sensor Adjustment Tool
- E. Sensor Cable
- F. Installation Guide
- G. Access Cover



**Included Items (NEMA 4)  
SubDrive300**

- A. Controller Unit
- B. Pot Adjustment Screw Driver
- C. Pressure Sensor and Boot
- D. Sensor Adjustment Tool
- E. Sensor Cable
- F. Installation Guide
- G. Strain Relief Fittings
- H. Pressure Shut-off Sensor and Boot

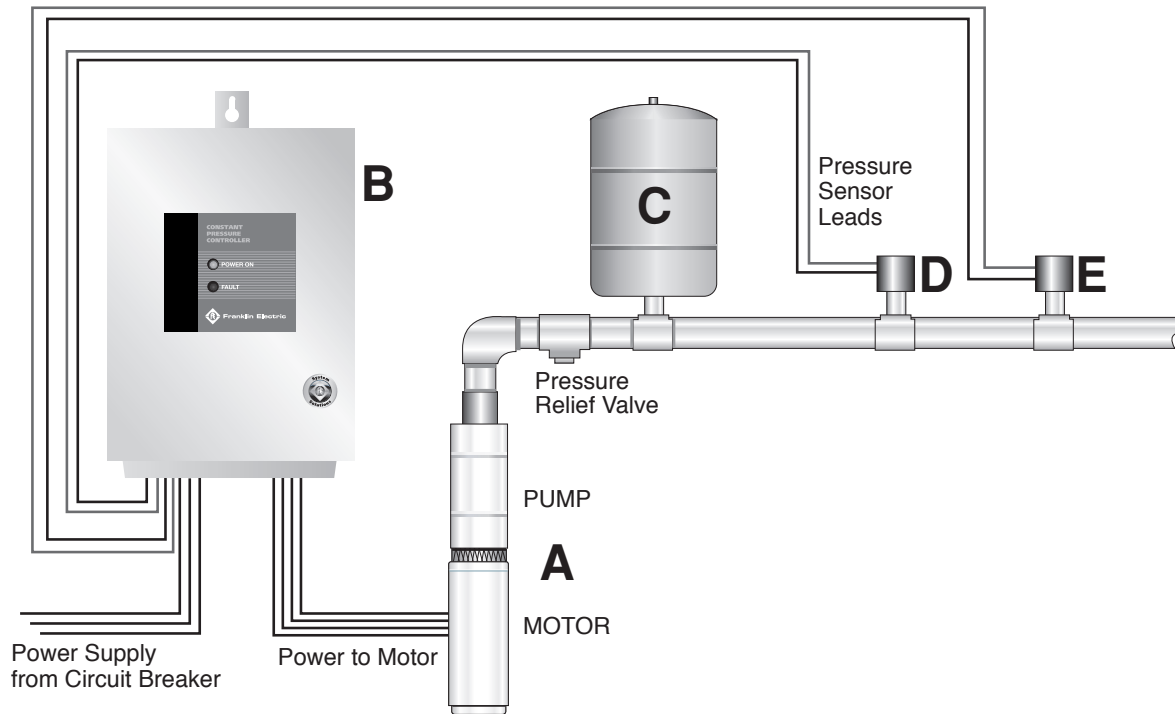


# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## How it Works

The Franklin Electric SubDrive/MonoDrive is designed to be part of a system that consists of only four components:

- A. Standard Pump and Franklin Electric Motor
- B. SubDrive/MonoDrive Controller
- C. Small Pressure Tank (see Table 4, pg. 27)
- D. Franklin Electric Pressure Sensor (provided)
- E. Pressure shut-off sensor (SubDrive300 only)



## Constant Pressure

The Franklin Electric SubDrive/MonoDrive provides consistent pressure regulation using advanced electronics to drive a standard motor and pump according to the pressure demands indicated by a highly accurate, heavy-duty, long-life pressure sensor. By adjusting the motor/pump speed, the SubDrive/MonoDrive can deliver constant pressure dependably, even as water demand changes. For example, a small demand on the system, such as a bathroom faucet, results in the motor/pump running at a relatively low speed. As greater demands are placed on the system, such as opening additional faucets or using appliances, the speed increases accordingly to maintain the desired system pressure.



### **Motor Soft-Start**

Normally, when there is a demand for water, the SubDrive/MonoDrive will be operating to accurately maintain system pressure. Whenever the SubDrive/MonoDrive detects that water is being used, the controller always “ramps up” the motor speed while gradually increasing voltage, resulting in a cooler motor and lower start-up current compared to conventional water systems. In those cases where the demand for water is small, the system may cycle on and off at low speed. Due to the controller’s soft-start feature and sensor’s robust design, this will not harm the motor or the pressure sensor.

### **System Diagnostics**

In addition to regulating pump pressure and accurately controlling motor operation, the SubDrive/MonoDrive continuously monitors system performance and can detect a variety of abnormal conditions. In many cases, the controller will compensate as needed to maintain continuous system operation. But if there is high risk of equipment damage, the controller will protect the system and display the fault condition. If possible, the controller will try to restart itself when the fault condition subsides.

### **SubDrive vs. MonoDrive**

SubDrive controllers provide the ultimate in system performance, utilizing Franklin Electric’s three-phase motor series for maximum starting torque, high efficiency and smooth operation. SubDrives convert residential single-phase 60 Hz power into the variable-frequency three-phase needed by the motor. In addition, SubDrives can spin a smaller pump slightly faster to boost output to roughly double its 60 Hz horsepower rating. This allows use of smaller pumps for less system cost. If a smaller pump of the desired flow rating is not available, the controller can be configured to use larger pumps up to the horsepower rating of the motor.

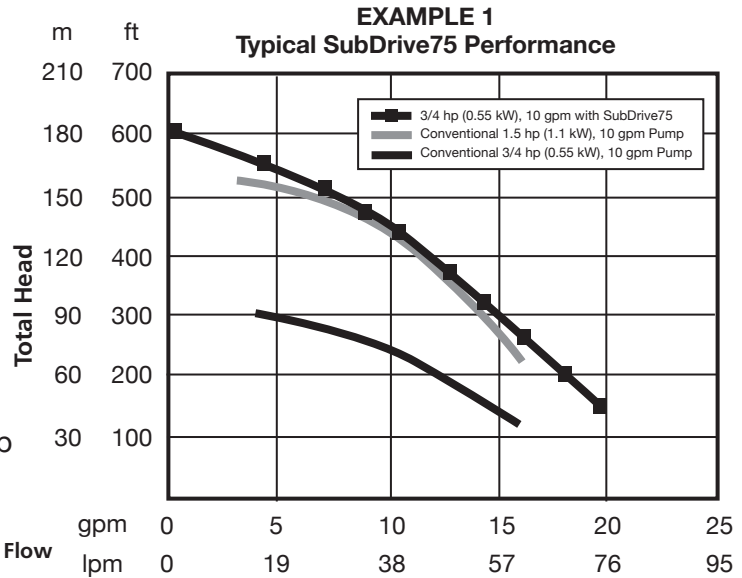
MonoDrive controllers are ideal whenever the Franklin Electric single-phase 3-wire series motor is preferred. MonoDrives are especially suited for retrofit applications where a 3-wire pump system is already installed and in good operating condition. MonoDrives provide all the same features as SubDrives, except maximum pump speed is held to 60 Hz for compatibility with the existing pump and motor. While MonoDrives are preset to run the most popular system sizes (3/4 hp (0.55 kW) for MonoDrive, 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) for MonoDriveXT), they can be configured to run a variety of horsepower ratings for maximum flexibility. When retrofitting to an existing 3-wire system, MonoDrive installation is as easy as replacing the existing control box and pressure switch with the MonoDrive controller and pressure sensor. If the existing pump, motor and pressure tank are in good working condition, no further changes are needed.

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Pump Sizing - SubDrive75

The SubDrive75 is configured at the factory for use with 3/4 hp (0.55 kW) pumps that are mounted to 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) Franklin Electric three-phase motors. **In general, the SubDrive75 will enhance the performance of a 3/4 hp (0.55 kW) pump to a similar or better performance than a conventional 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump of the same flow rating (pump series).**

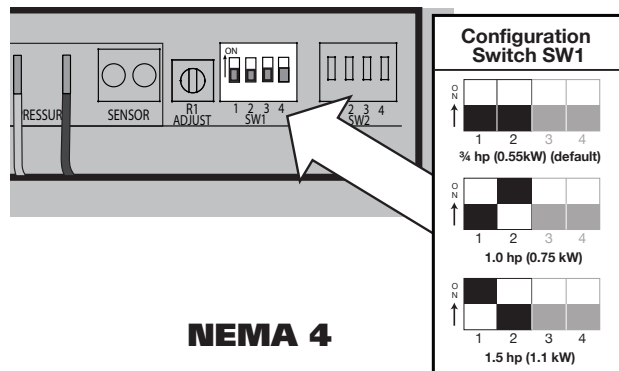
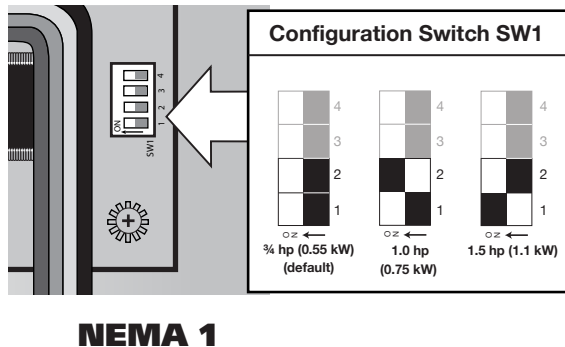
To select the proper 3/4 hp (0.55 kW) pump, first choose a 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) curve that meets the application's head and flow requirements. Use the 3/4 hp (0.55 kW) pump in the same pump series (flow rating). The SubDrive75 will adjust the speed of this pump to produce the performance of the 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) curve. An **EXAMPLE** of this is illustrated in the graph at right. Please consult the pump manufacturer's pump curve for your specific application.



## Drive Configuration

The SubDrive75 can also be set up to run a 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) or 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump if desired, but larger pumps will still produce to the 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) curve and may only be operated with a 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) motor. To operate a different pump size, a DIP switch must be positioned to select the correct pump rating. Otherwise, the SubDrive75 may trigger erroneous faults.

To configure the SubDrive75 for a 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) or 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump, locate the DIP switch marked "SW1". Use a small screwdriver (provided) to change the DIP switch setting according to the chart as shown.

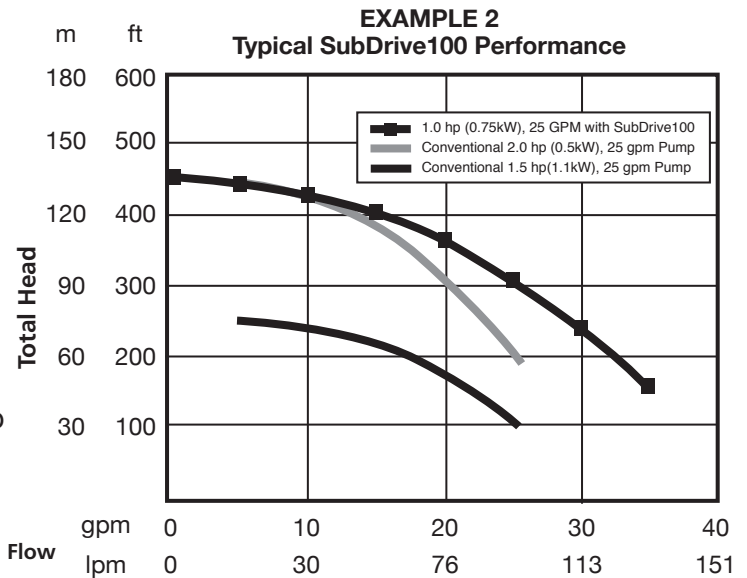


**⚠ WARNING**  
 Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

## Pump Sizing – SubDrive100

The SubDrive100 is configured at the factory for use with 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) pumps that are mounted to 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) Franklin Electric three-phase motors. **In general, the SubDrive100 will enhance the performance of a 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) pump to a similar or better performance than a conventional 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) pump of the same flow rating (pump series).**

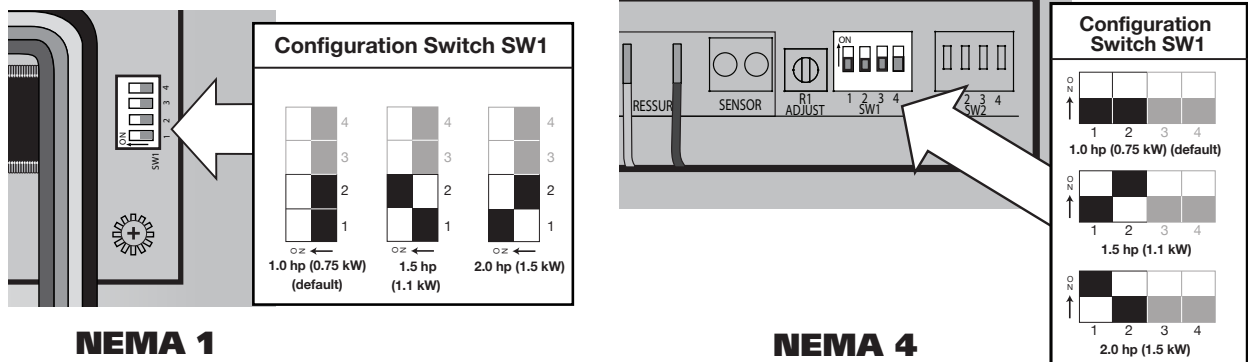
To select the proper 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) pump, first choose a 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) curve that meets the application’s head and flow requirements. Use the 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) pump in the same pump series (flow rating). The SubDrive100 will adjust the speed of this pump to produce the performance of the 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) curve. An **EXAMPLE** of this is illustrated in the graph at right. Please consult the pump manufacturer’s pump curve for your specific application.



## Drive Configuration

The SubDrive100 can also be set up to run a 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) or 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) pump if desired, but larger pumps will still produce to the 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) curve and may only be operated with a 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) motor. To operate a different pump size, a DIP switch must be positioned to select the correct pump rating. Otherwise, the SubDrive100 may trigger erroneous faults.

To configure the SubDrive100 for a 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) or 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) pump, locate the DIP switch marked “SW1”. Use a small screwdriver (provided) to change the DIP switch setting according to the chart as shown.

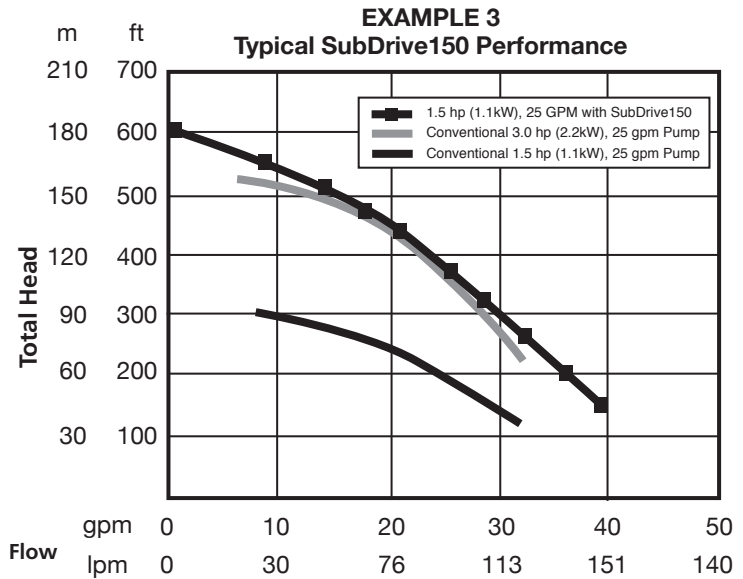


**⚠ WARNING**  
 Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

## Pump Sizing – SubDrive150

The SubDrive150 is configured at the factory for use with 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pumps that are mounted to 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) Franklin Electric three-phase motors. **In general, the SubDrive150 will enhance the performance of a 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump to a similar or better performance than a conventional 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump of the same flow rating (pump series).**

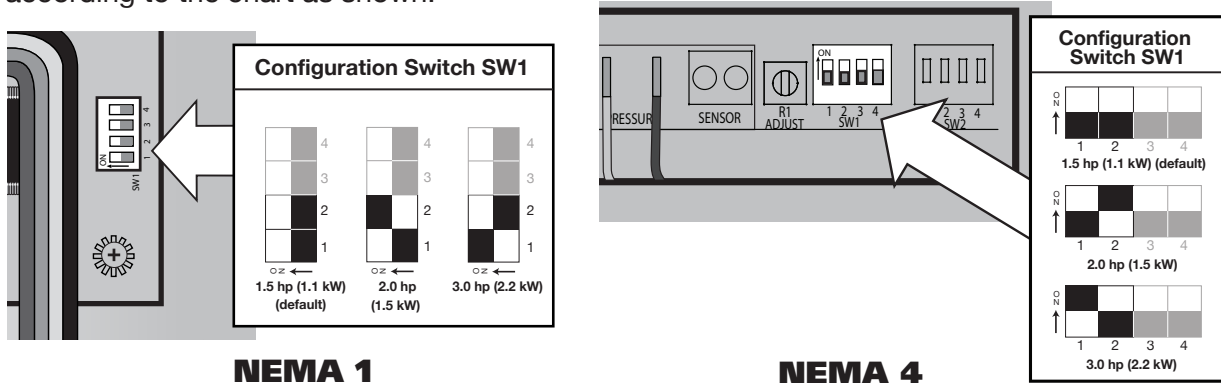
To select the proper 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump, first choose a 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) curve that meets the application’s head and flow requirements. Use the 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump in the same pump series (flow rating). The SubDrive150 will adjust the speed of this pump to produce the performance of the 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) curve. An **EXAMPLE** of this is illustrated in the graph at right. Please consult the pump manufacturer’s pump curve for your specific application.



## Drive Configuration

The SubDrive150 can also be set up to run a 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) or 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump if desired, but larger pumps will still produce to the 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) curve and may only be operated with a 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) motor. To operate a different pump size, a DIP switch must be positioned to select the correct pump rating. Otherwise, the SubDrive150 may trigger erroneous faults.

To configure the SubDrive150 for a 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) or 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump, locate the DIP switch marked “SW1”. Use a small screwdriver (provided) to change the DIP switch setting according to the chart as shown.

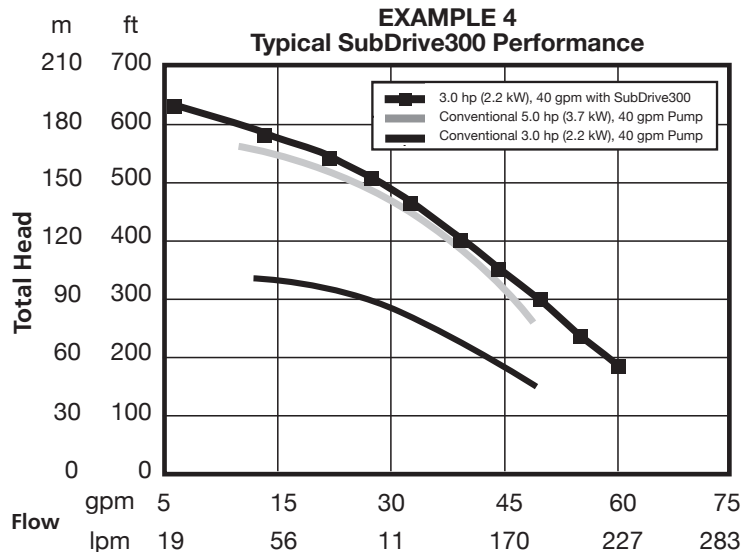


**⚠ WARNING**  
 Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

## Pump Sizing – SubDrive300

The SubDrive300 is configured at the factory for use with 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pumps that are mounted to 5.0 hp (3.7 kW) Franklin Electric three-phase motors. **In general, the SubDrive300 will enhance the performance of a 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump to a similar or better performance than a conventional 5.0 hp (3.7 kW) pump of the same flow rating (pump series).**

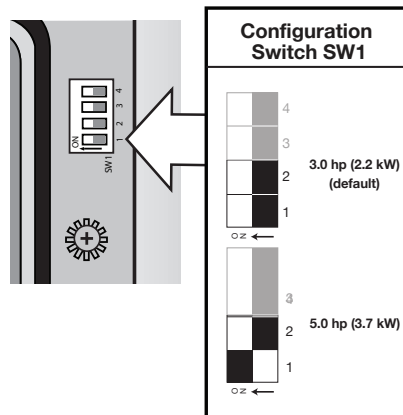
To select the proper 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump, first choose a 5.0 hp (3.7 kW) curve that meets the application’s head and flow requirements. Use the 3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump in the same pump series (flow rating). The SubDrive300 will adjust the speed of this pump to produce the performance of the 5 hp curve. An **EXAMPLE** of this is illustrated in the graph at right. Please consult the pump manufacturer’s pump curve for your specific application.



### Drive Configuration

The SubDrive300 can also be set up to run a 5.0 hp (3.7 kW) pump if desired, but the larger pump will still produce to the 5.0 hp (3.7 kW) curve and may only be operated with a 5.0 hp (3.7 kW) motor. To operate a different pump size, a DIP switch must be positioned to select the correct pump rating. Otherwise, the SubDrive300 may trigger erroneous faults.

To configure the SubDrive300 for a 5.0 hp (3.7 kW) pump, locate the DIP switch marked “SW1” at the lower right corner of the main circuit board. Use a small screwdriver (provided) to change the DIP switch setting according to the chart as shown.



**NEMA 4**

### **⚠ WARNING**

Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. **DO NOT**, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Pump Sizing – MonoDrive

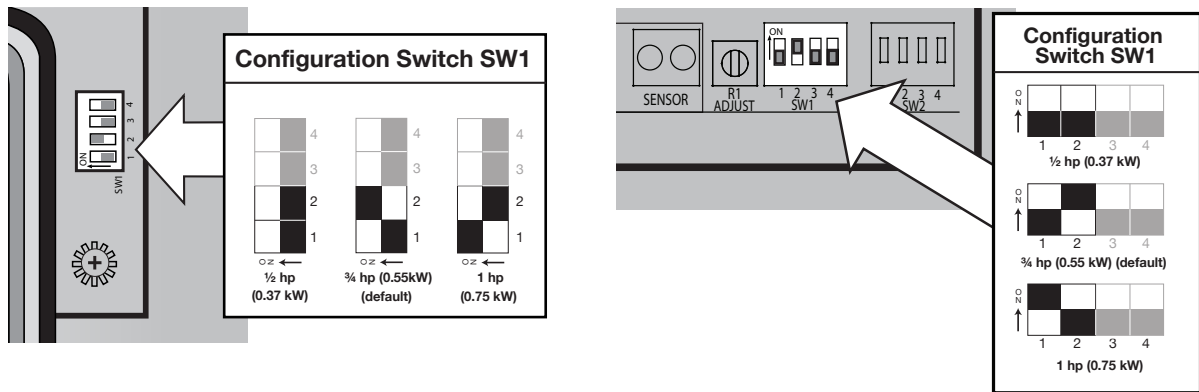
The MonoDrive is designed to convert a conventional 1/2 hp (0.37 kW), 3/4 hp (0.55 kW) or 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) pump system to a variable speed constant pressure system by simply replacing the 3-wire control box and pressure switch. Maximum pump output using the MonoDrive is similar to the performance achieved using a conventional control box. Therefore, the pump selection criteria are the same as if a control box were used. (Refer to the pump manufacturer’s literature for details of the pump selection procedure.)

**If a pump and motor as described above are already installed in the system and the well system components are in good working order, no further system upgrades are required.** However, if the existing pump and motor have not been properly chosen, or if the components of the well system are not in good working order, the MonoDrive cannot be used to correct the problem or extend the life of aging components.

### Drive Configuration

By default, the MonoDrive is configured at the factory to run a 3/4 hp (0.55 kW) system. To operate a 1/2 hp (0.37 kW) or 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) system, a DIP switch must be re-configured to select the proper system rating. Failure to match the configuration to the rating of the pump and motor may trigger erroneous faults.

To configure the MonoDrive for a 1/2 hp (0.37 kW) or 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) system, locate the DIP switch marked “SW1” at the bottom of the main circuit board. Use a small screwdriver (provided) to change the DIP switch setting according to the chart as shown.



**NEMA 1**

**NEMA 4**

### **⚠ WARNING**

Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

## Pump Sizing – MonoDriveXT

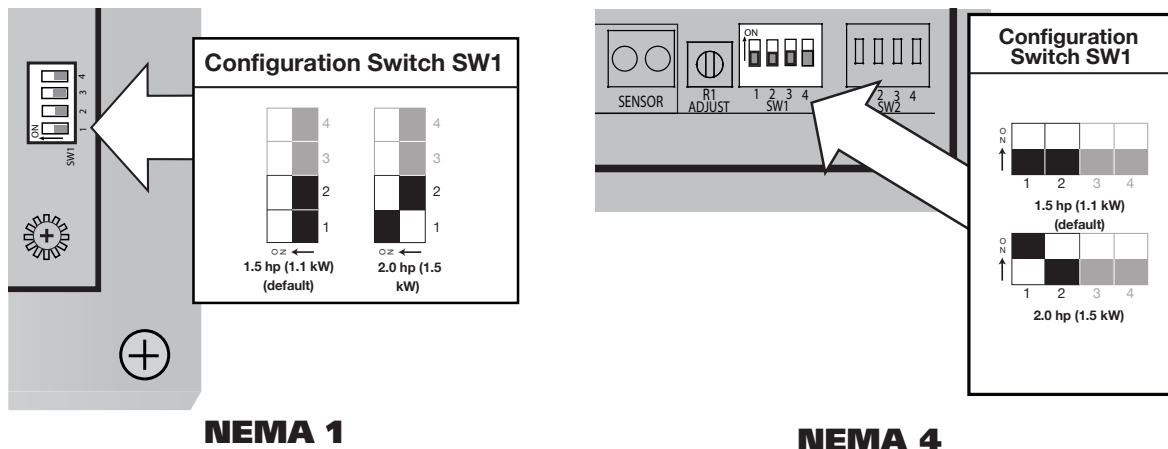
The MonoDriveXT is designed to convert a conventional 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) or 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) pump system to a variable speed constant pressure system by simply replacing the 3-wire control box and pressure switch. Maximum pump output using the MonoDriveXT is similar to the performance achieved using a conventional control box. Therefore, the pump selection criteria are the same as if a control box were used. Please refer to the pump manufacturer’s literature for details of the pump selection procedure.

**If a pump and motor as described above are already installed in the system and the well system components are in good working order, no further system upgrades are required.** However, if the existing pump and motor have not been properly chosen, or if the components of the well system are not in good working order, the MonoDriveXT cannot be used to correct the problem or extend the life of aging components.

### Drive Configuration

By default, the MonoDriveXT is configured at the factory to run a 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) system. To operate a 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) system, a DIP switch must be reconfigured to select the proper system rating. Failure to match the configuration to the rating of the pump and motor may trigger erroneous faults.

To configure the MonoDriveXT for a 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) system, locate the DIP switch marked “SW1” at the bottom of the main circuit board. Use a small screwdriver (provided) to change the DIP switch setting according to the chart as shown.



**⚠ WARNING**  
 Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

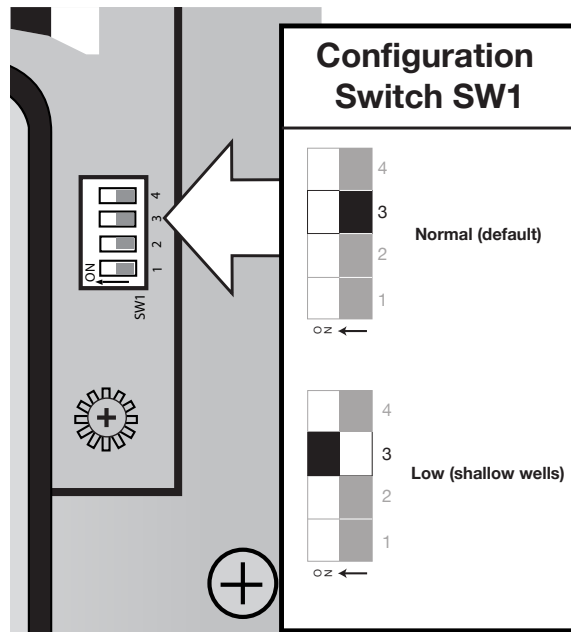
## SubDrive/MonoDrive

# Underload Sensitivity Selection (NEMA 1) – SubDrive75/100/150, MonoDrive, MonoDriveXT

The SubDrive/MonoDrive controller is configured at the factory to ensure detection of Underload faults in a wide variety of pumping applications. In rare cases (as with certain pumps in shallow wells) this trip level may result in nuisance faults. If the pump is installed in a shallow well, activate the controller and observe system behavior. Once the controller begins to regulate pressure, check operation at several flow rates to make sure the default sensitivity does not induce nuisance Underload trips.

If it becomes necessary to desensitize the Underload trip level, remove power and allow the controller to discharge. Once the internal voltages have dissipated, locate the DIP switch marked “SW1” at the lower right corner of the main circuit board. Use a small screwdriver (provided) to change Position 3 to the “ON” position to select the lower Underload sensitivity as shown in the chart below.

**NEMA 1**



### **⚠ WARNING**

Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.



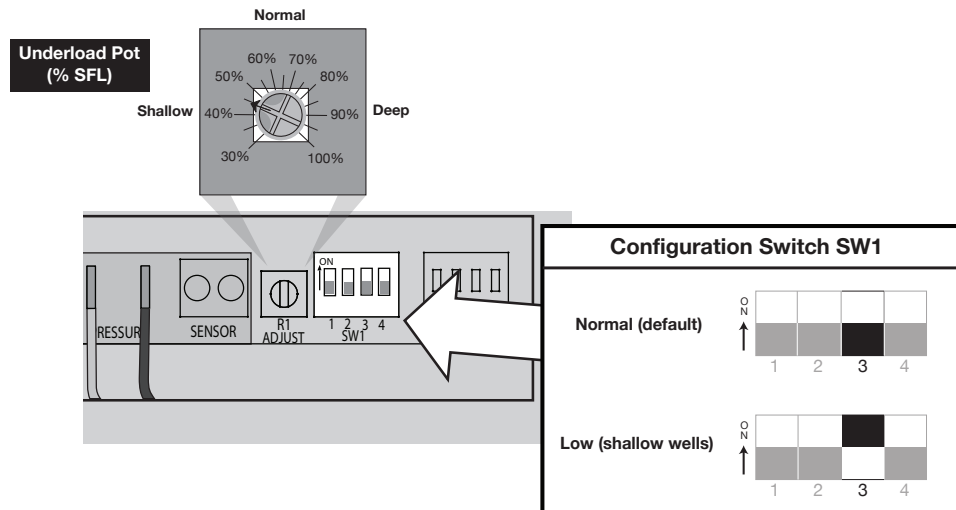
## Underload Sensitivity Selection (NEMA 4) – SubDrive75/100/150, MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT

The SubDrive/MonoDrive controller is configured at the factory to ensure detection of Underload faults in a wide variety of pumping applications. In rare cases (as with certain pumps in shallow wells) this trip level may result in nuisance faults. If the pump is installed in a shallow well, activate the controller and observe system behavior. Once the controller begins to regulate pressure, check operation at several flow rates to make sure the default sensitivity does not induce nuisance Underload trips.

If the pump is installed in an extremely shallow (i.e. artesian) well and the system continues to trip even with Position 3 of the DIP switch set ON for “Low (shallow wells)”, then the Underload Potentiometer (Pot) will need to be adjusted counterclockwise to a lower sensitivity setting.

If it becomes necessary to desensitize the Underload trip level, locate the DIP switch marked “SW1” to the right of the sensor connection. Move Position 3 to “ON”, allowing adjustment of the Underload trip level via the Pot. Using a non-conductive (i.e. plastic) pot adjustment tool, adjust the pot located just to the right of the sensor connection. Check the Underload trip level and repeat as necessary.

In cases where the pump is set very deep, run the system at open discharge to pump the well down and observe carefully that an Underload is detected properly. If the system does not trip as it should, then the Underload Pot will need to be adjusted clockwise to a higher sensitivity setting.



### ⚠ WARNING

Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

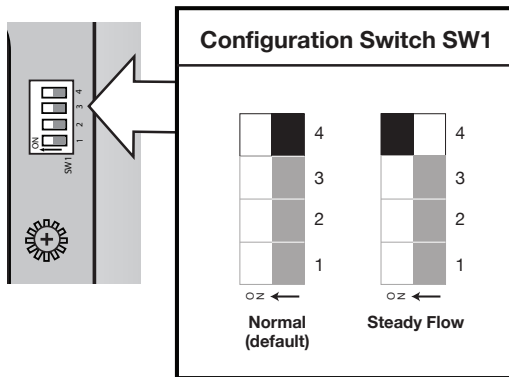
# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Steady Flow Selection SubDrive75/100/150/300, MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT

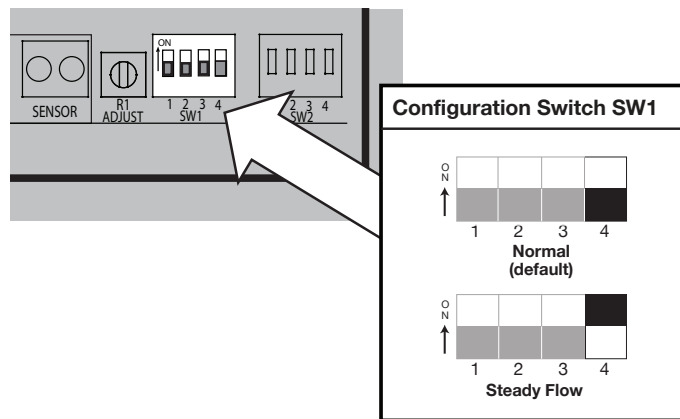
The SubDrive/MonoDrive controller is configured at the factory to ensure quick response to maintain constant pressure. In rare cases (as with a water line tap before the pressure tank), the controller may need to be adjusted to offer better control.

If the controller is used on a system that has a water line tapped before the pressure tank and close to the well head or where audible speed variations of the PMA can be heard through the pipes, adjusting the pressure control response time may be necessary. After enabling this feature, the installer should check flow changes for possible overshoot. A larger pressure tank and/or wider margin between regulation and valve pressure may be required as the Steady Flow features reduce the controller's reaction time to sudden changes in flow.

If it is necessary to adjust the pressure control, remove power and allow the controller to discharge. Wait 5 minutes to allow internal voltage to dissipate, locate the DIP switch marked "SW1". Use a small screwdriver (provided) to move position 4 to "ON" as shown.



**NEMA 1**



**NEMA 4**

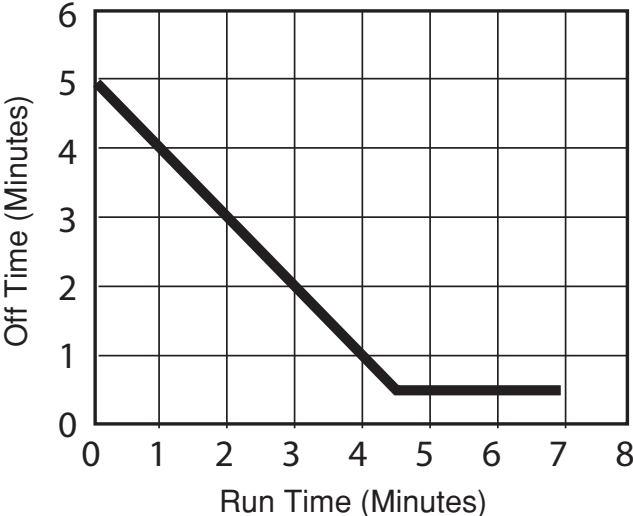
### **⚠ WARNING**

Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from contact with internal electrical components. DO NOT, under any circumstances, attempt to modify DIP switch settings until power has been removed and 5 minutes have passed for internal voltages to discharge! Power must be removed for DIP switch setting to take effect.

## Underload Smart Reset

If a motor Underload fault condition occurs, the most likely cause is an overpumped or dry well. To allow the well to recover, the SubDrive/MonoDrive controller will wait 30 seconds to 5 minutes, determined by duration of the previous run time, before restarting the motor. For example, the first time the fault occurs, the controller will wait 30 seconds before attempting to restart the pump. If the system would then run for 1 minute and an Underload fault recurs, the controller will wait 4 minutes before attempting to restart the pump. This schedule allows for the minimum off-time possible based on the recovery time of the well.

**Figure 1: Smart Reset Well Recovery Time**



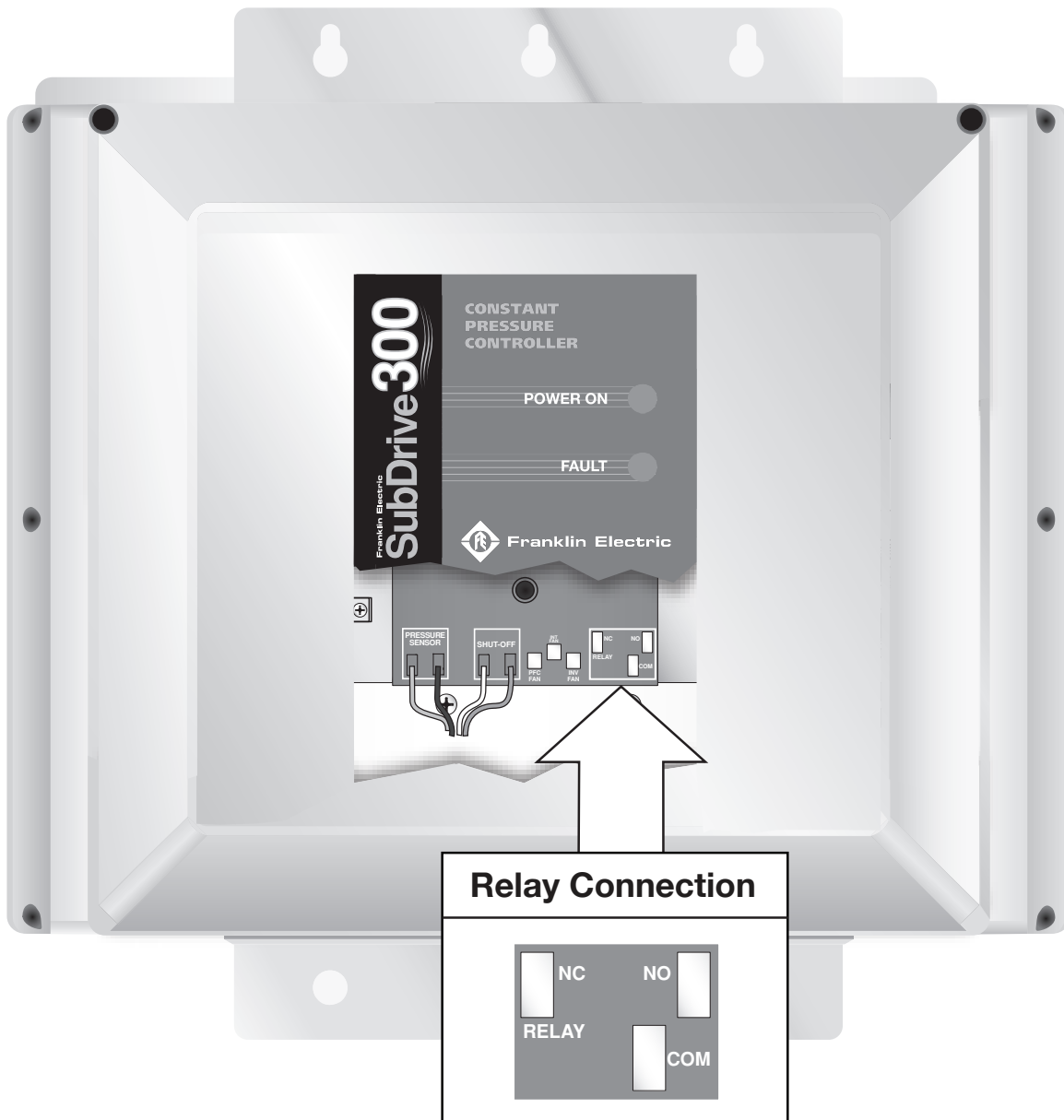
## Over Temperature Foldback

The SubDrive/MonoDrive controller is designed for full power operation in ambient temperatures up to 125 °F (50 °C) as long as the input voltage is kept at 230 VAC. Under extreme thermal conditions, the controller will reduce output power in an attempt to avoid shutdown. Full pump output is restored when the controller temperature cools to a safe level.

## SubDrive/MonoDrive

### System Run Relay – SubDrive300

The SubDrive300 is fitted with a relay output that activates (normally-open contact will close) whenever the system is actively pumping. This relay may be used to control other water system equipment such as water treatment systems that need to operate only when water is being used. Both normally-open (NO) and normally-closed (NC) contacts are provided. The contacts are rated 5 A at 250 VAC/30 VDC for general purpose loads, or 2 A at 250 VAC/30VDC for inductive loads (i.e. relay).



## Generator Sizing for SubDrive/MonoDrive

Basic generator sizing for the Franklin Electric SubDrive/MonoDrive system is 1.5 times maximum input Watts consumed by the drive, rounded up to the next normal sized generator.

Recommended minimum generator sizes:

### MonoDrive

1/2 hp (0.37 kW) = 2000 Watts (2 kW)

3/4 hp (0.55 kW) = 3000 Watts (3 kW)

1 hp = 3500 Watts (3.5 kW)

**SubDrive75** = 3500 Watts (3.5 kW)

**SubDrive100** = 5700 Watts (6 kW)

**SubDrive150** = 7000 Watts (7 kW)

**SubDrive300** = 11000 Watts (11 kW)

### MonoDriveXT

1.5 hp (1.1kW) = 4000 Watts (4 kW)

2 hp = 5000 Watts (5 kW)

**NOTE:** Not to be used on GFIC circuit Externally regulated generators Verify voltage, hertz and idle speed are appropriate to supply drive.

## Before Getting Started

### **⚠ WARNING**

Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from failure to connect the ground terminal to the motor, SubDrive/MonoDrive controller, metal plumbing, or other metal near the motor or cable, using wire no smaller than motor cable wires. To minimize risk of electrical shock, disconnect power before working on or around the SubDrive/MonoDrive system. CAPACITORS INSIDE THE SUBDRIVE/MONODRIVE CONTROLLER CAN STILL HOLD LETHAL VOLTAGE EVEN AFTER POWER HAS BEEN DISCONNECTED.

ALLOW 5 MINUTES FOR DANGEROUS INTERNAL VOLTAGE TO DISCHARGE BEFORE REMOVING SUBDRIVE/MONODRIVE COVER.

Do not use motor in swimming areas.

### **⚠ ATTENTION**

This equipment should be installed by technically qualified personnel. Failure to install it in compliance with national and local electrical codes and within Franklin Electric recommendations may result in electrical shock or fire hazard, unsatisfactory performance, or equipment failure. Installation information is available through pump manufacturers and distributors, or directly from Franklin Electric at our toll-free number **1-800-348-2420**.

### **⚠ CAUTION**

Use SubDrive/MonoDrive only with Franklin Electric 4-inch submersible motors as specified in this manual (see Table 1, pg. 4). Use of this unit with any other Franklin Electric motor or with motors from other manufacturers may result in damage to both motor and electronics.

## SubDrive/MonoDrive

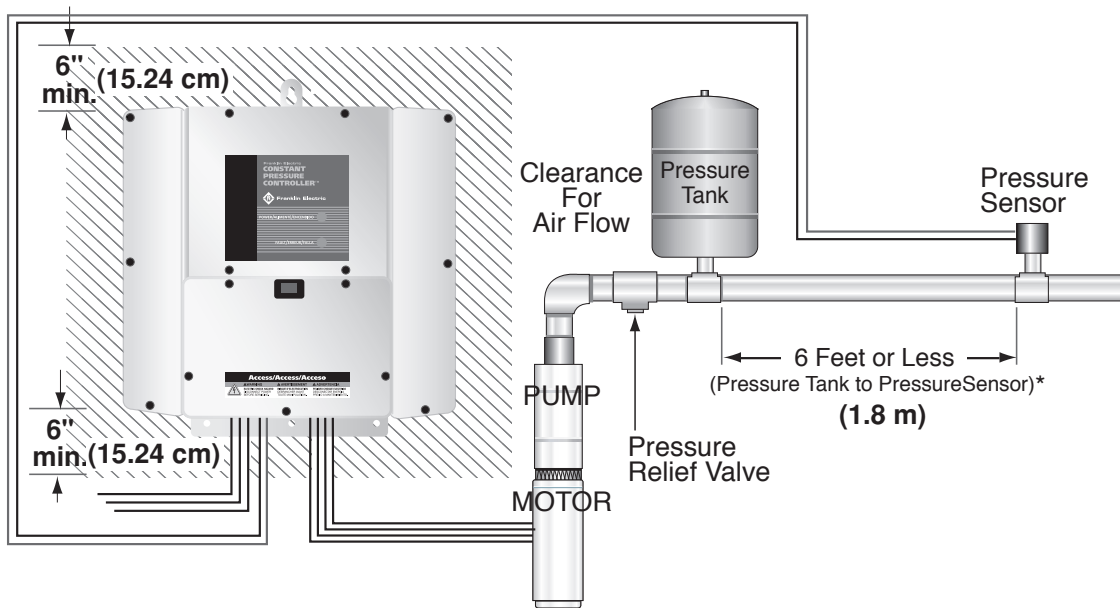
### Controller Location Selection

The SubDrive controller is intended for operation in ambient temperatures up to 125 °F (50 °C) at 230 VAC input. The following recommendations will help in selection of the proper location of the SubDrive unit:

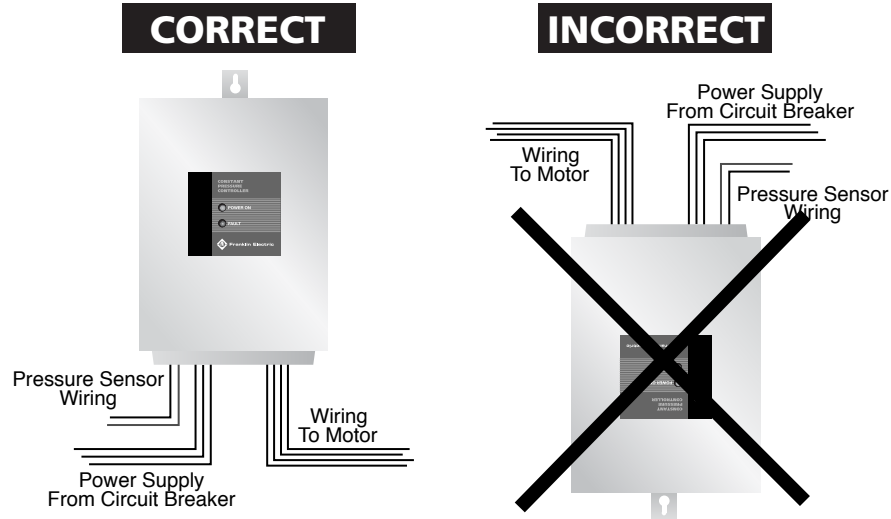
1. A tank tee is recommended for mounting the tank, pressure sensor, pressure gauge, and pressure relief valve at one junction. If a tank tee is not used, the pressure sensor should be located within 6 feet (1.8 meters) of the pressure tank to minimize pressure fluctuations. There should be no elbows between the tank and pressure sensor.
2. The unit should be mounted on a sturdy supporting structure such as a wall or supporting post. Please take into account the weight of the unit.
3. The electronics inside the SubDrive/MonoDrive are air-cooled. As a result, there should be at least 6 inches (15.24 cm) of clearance on each side and below the unit to allow room for air flow.

#### **⚠ CAUTION**

There should be at least 6 inches of clearance on each side and below the unit to allow room for air flow.



\* **NOTE:** There should be no elbows between the tank and pressure sensor.



- 4 Do not expose a SubDrive/MonoDrive with NEMA 1 enclosure to rain or water spray. For outdoor installations, select a controller with the NEMA 4 enclosure option only. Please see additional considerations for NEMA 4.
- 5 The SubDrive/MonoDrive should only be mounted with the wiring end oriented downward. The controller should not be placed in direct sunlight or other locations subject to extreme temperatures or humidity (mounting location should not be subjected to freezing conditions or condensation).
- 6 The mounting location should have access to 230 VAC electrical supply and to the submersible motor wiring. To avoid possible interference with other appliances, please refer to the Installation Guide and observe all precautions regarding power cable routing.

## **Additional Considerations for NEMA 4 Enclosures**

To assure maximum weather protection, the unit must be mounted vertically with the cover properly aligned and secured with all lid screws. Strain relief fittings should be used to close off all gaps around wires.

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Circuit Breaker and Wire Sizing

The circuit breaker size and maximum allowable wire lengths for connection to the SubDrive/MonoDrive are given in the following tables:

**Table 2: Circuit Breaker Sizing and Maximum Input Cable Lengths (in Feet)**  
Based on a 3% voltage drop

Model Family	Breaker Amps	Nominal Input Voltage	AWG Copper Wire Sizes, 167 °F/75 °C Insulation Unless Otherwise Noted										
			14	12	10	8	6	4	3	2	1	1/0	2/0
MonoDrive	15	208	80	125	205	315	500	790	980	1290	1635	-	-
	15	230	95	150	250	385	615	970	1200	1580	2000	-	-
SubDrive75	15	208	<b>70</b>	110	185	280	450	710	880	1160	1465	-	-
	15	230	85	135	225	345	550	865	1075	1415	1795	-	-
MonoDriveXT	20	208	-	<b>85</b>	140	220	345	550	680	895	1135	-	-
	20	230	-	105	175	265	425	670	835	1095	1390	-	-
SubDrive100	25	208	-	-	115	180	285	450	555	730	925	-	-
	20	230	-	<b>85</b>	140	220	345	550	680	895	1130	-	-
SubDrive150	30	208	-	-	<b>95</b>	145	235	370	460	605	765	-	-
	25	230	-	-	<b>115</b>	180	285	455	560	740	935	-	-
SubDrive300	40	208	-	-	-	-	150	235	295	385	490	610	735
	40	230	-	-	-	<b>115</b>	185	290	360	470	600	745	895

**XXXX** Highlighted Numbers denote wire with 194 °F/90 °C insulation only

**Table 3: Maximum Motor Cable Length (in feet)**

Controller Model	Franklin Electric Motor Model	HP	AWG Copper Wire Sizes, 140 °F/60 °C Insulation					
			14	12	10	8	6	4
SubDrive75	234 514 xxxx	1.5 (1.1 kW)	420	670	1060	1670	-	-
SubDrive100	234 315 xxxx	2.0 (1.5 kw)	320	510	810	1280	2010	-
SubDrive150	234 316 xxxx	3.0 (2.2 kW)	240	390	620	990	1540	-
SubDrive300	234 317 xxxx	5.0 (3.7 kw)	-	230	370	590	920	1430
MonoDrive	214 505 xxxx	1/2 (.37 kW)	400	650	1020	1610	-	-
	214 507 xxxx	3/4 (.55 kW)	300	480	760	1200	1870	-
	214 508 xxxx	1.0 (.75 kW)	250	400	630	990	1540	-
MonoDriveXT	224 300 xxxx	1.5 (1.1 kW)	190	310	480	770	1200	1870
	224 301 xxxx	2.0 (1.5kW)	150	250	390	620	970	1530

NOTE: 1 ft = 0.305 m

A 10-foot (3.05 m) section of cable is provided with the SubDrive/MonoDrive to connect the pressure sensor.

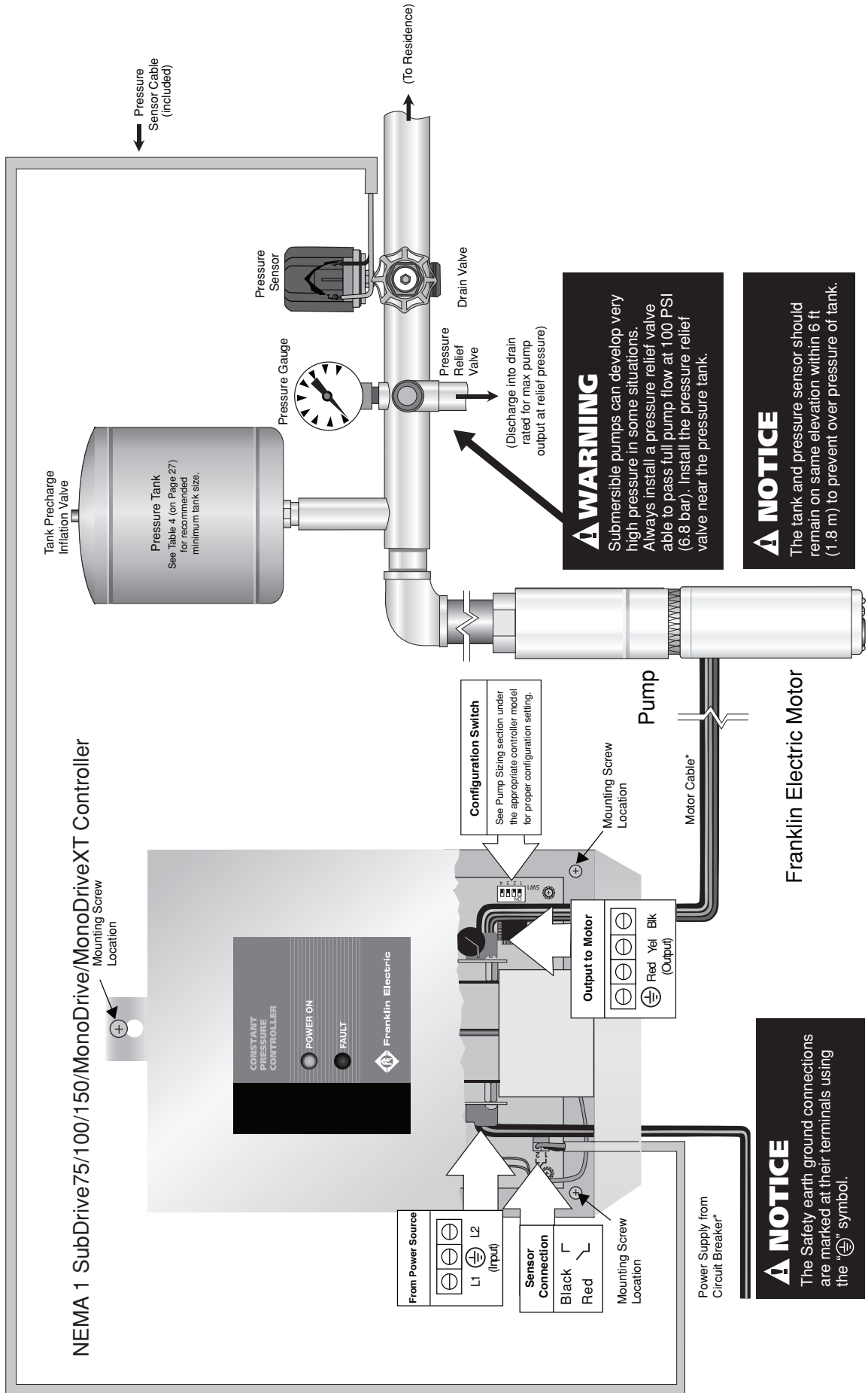
**NOTE:**

- Maximum allowable wire lengths are measured between the controller and motor.
- Aluminum wires should not be used with the SubDrive/MonoDrive.
- All wiring to comply with the National Electrical Code and/or local codes.
- MonoDrive minimum breaker amps may be lower than AIM Manual specifications for the motors listed due to the soft-starting characteristic of the MonoDrive controller.
- SubDrive minimum breaker amps may appear to exceed AIM Manual specifications for the motors listed because SubDrive controllers are supplied from a single-phase service rather than three-phase.



# Quick Reference Guide to Controller Installation

## NEMA 1 SubDrive75/100/150/MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT



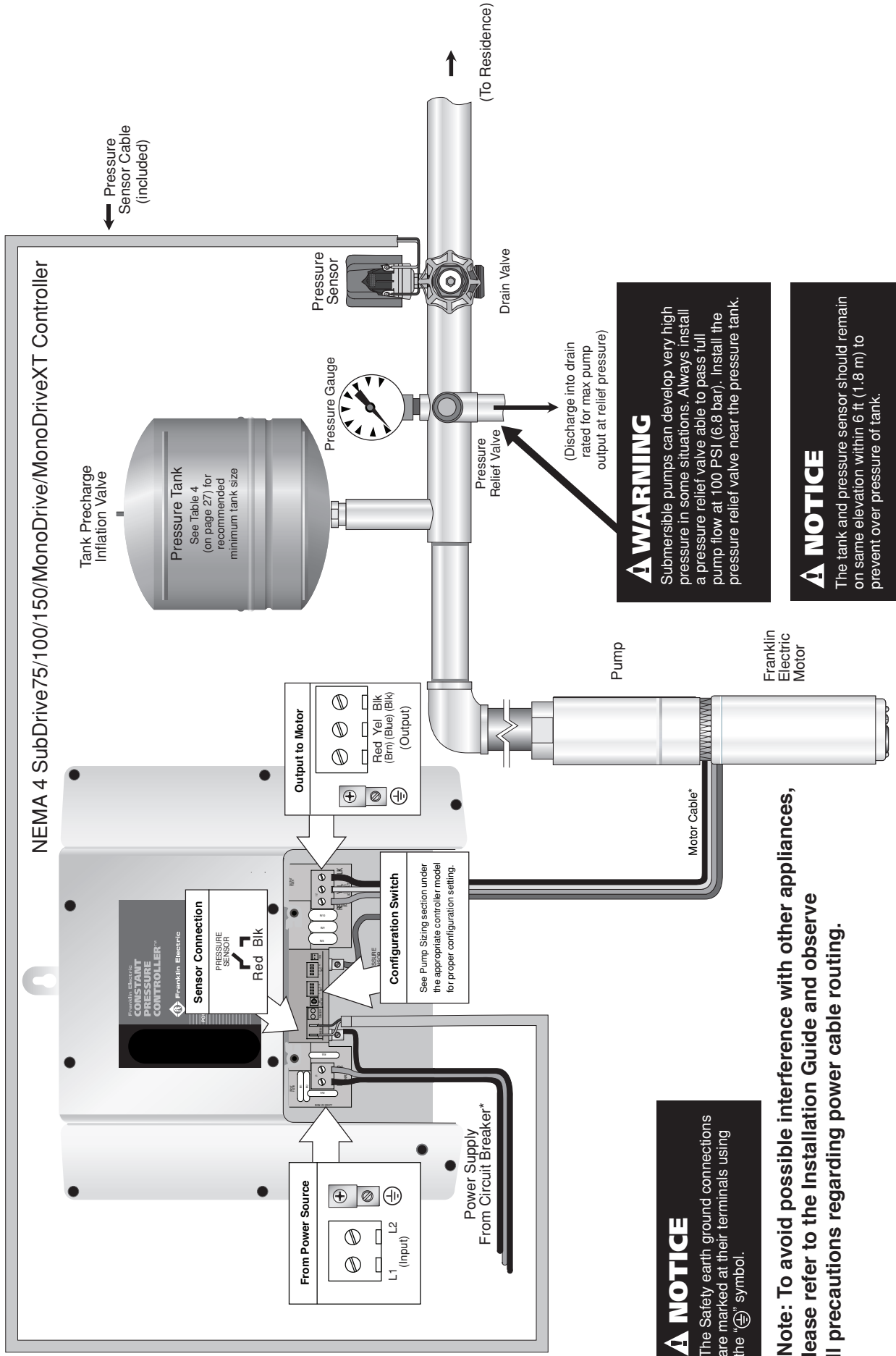
**⚠ WARNING**  
Submersible pumps can develop very high pressure in some situations. Always install a pressure relief valve able to pass full pump flow at 100 PSI (6.8 bar). Install the pressure relief valve near the pressure tank.

**⚠ NOTICE**  
The tank and pressure sensor should remain on same elevation within 6 ft (1.8 m) to prevent over pressure of tank.

**⚠ NOTICE**  
The Safety earth ground connections are marked at their terminals using the "E" symbol.

\* Note: To avoid possible interference with other appliances, please refer to the Installation Guide and observe all precautions regarding power cable routing.

# Quick Reference Guide to Controller Installation NEMA 4 SubDrive75/100/150/MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT



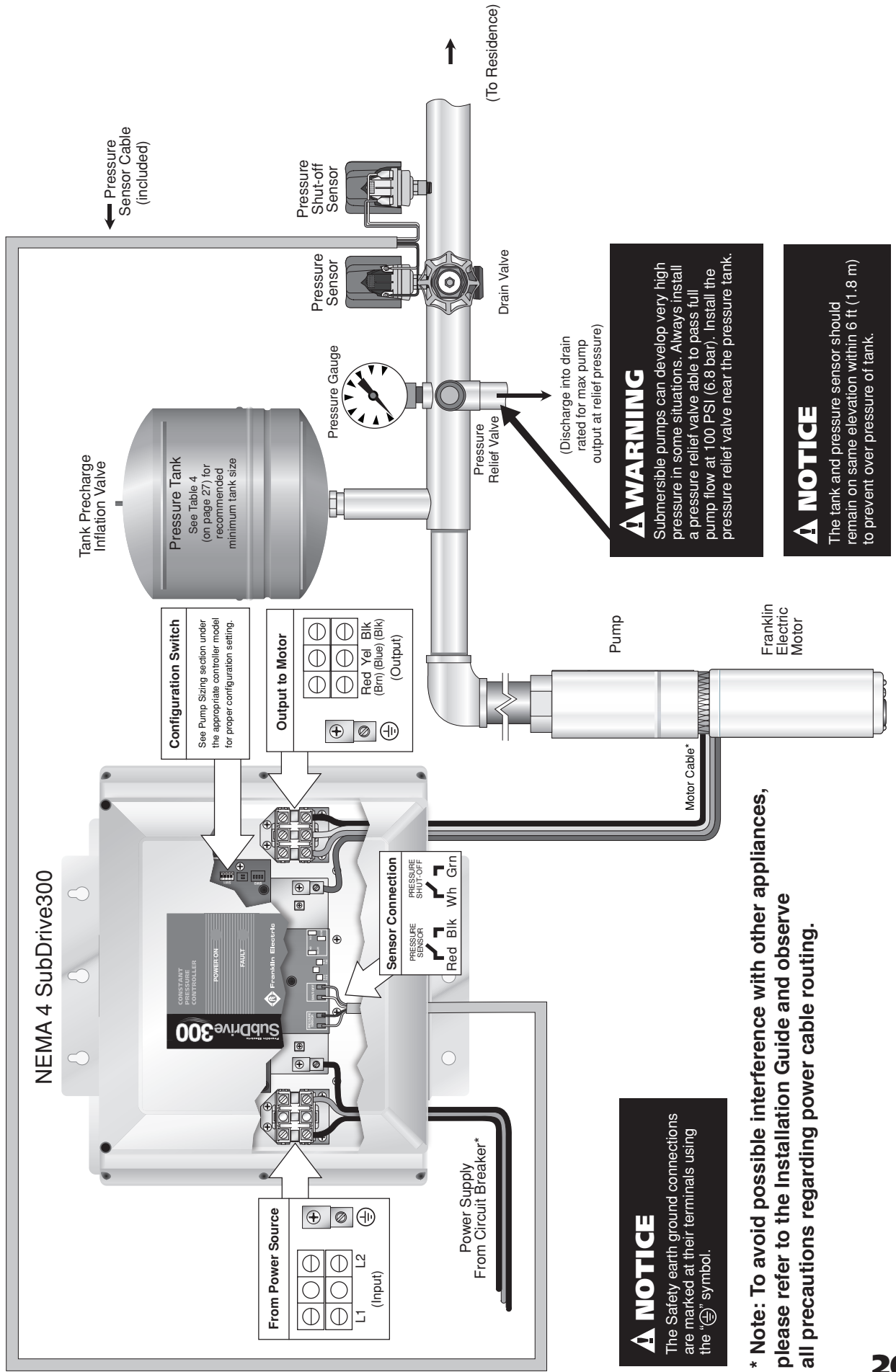
**NOTICE**  
The Safety earth ground connections are marked at their terminals using the symbol.

\* Note: To avoid possible interference with other appliances, please refer to the Installation Guide and observe all precautions regarding power cable routing.

**WARNING**  
Submersible pumps can develop very high pressure in some situations. Always install a pressure relief valve able to pass full pump flow at 100 PSI (6.8 bar). Install the pressure relief valve near the pressure tank.

**NOTICE**  
The tank and pressure sensor should remain on same elevation within 6 ft (1.8 m) to prevent over pressure of tank.

# Quick Reference Guide to Controller Installation NEMA 4 SubDrive300



**WARNING**  
Submersible pumps can develop very high pressure in some situations. Always install a pressure relief valve able to pass full pump flow at 100 PSI (6.8 bar). Install the pressure relief valve near the pressure tank.

**NOTICE**  
The tank and pressure sensor should remain on same elevation within 6 ft (1.8 m) to prevent over pressure of tank.

**NOTICE**  
The Safety earth ground connections are marked at their terminals using the "⊕" symbol.

\* Note: To avoid possible interference with other appliances, please refer to the Installation Guide and observe all precautions regarding power cable routing.

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Pressure Tank

The SubDrive/MonoDrive needs only a small pressure tank to maintain constant pressure. (See table below for recommended tank size.) For pumps rated 12 gpm (45.4 lpm) or more, a slightly larger tank is recommended for optimum pressure regulation. The SubDrive/MonoDrive can also use an existing tank with a much larger capacity.

**Table 4: Minimum Pressure Tank Size (Total Capacity)**

Pump Flow Rating	Controller Model	Minimum Tank Size
Less than 12 gpm (45.4 lpm)	SubDrive75 or MonoDrive	2 gallons (7.6 liters)
	SubDrive100	4 gallons (15.1 liters)
	SubDrive150 or MonoDriveXT	4 gallons (15.1 liters)
	SubDrive300	8 gallons (30.3 liters)
12 gpm and higher (45.4 lpm)	SubDrive75 or MonoDrive	4 gallons (15.1 liters)
	SubDrive100	8 gallons (30.3 liters)
	SubDrive150 or MonoDriveXT	8 gallons (30.3 liters)
	SubDrive300	20 gallons (75.7 liters)

The minimum supply pipe diameter should be selected not to exceed a maximum velocity of 8 ft/ sec (2.4 m/s) (See Table 6 below for minimum pipe diameter). The pressure tank pre-charge setting should be 70% of the system pressure sensor setting as indicated in the following table.

**Table 5: Pressure Tank Pre-charge (PSI)**

System Pressure (at Pressure Sensor)	Pressure Tank Setting (±2 psi)
25	18
30	21
35	25
40	28
45	32
<b>50 Factory Setting</b>	<b>35</b>
55	39
60	42
65	46
70	49
75	53
80	56

**Table 6: Minimum Pipe Diameter**

Maximum Velocity 8 ft/sec. (2.4 m/s)	
Min Pipe Dia	Max GPM (lpm)
1/2"	4.9 (18.5)
3/4"	11.0 (41.6)
1"	19.6 (74.2)
1-1/4"	30.6 (115.8)
1-1/2"	44.1 (166.9)
2"	78.3 (296.4)
2-1/2"	176.3 (667.4)

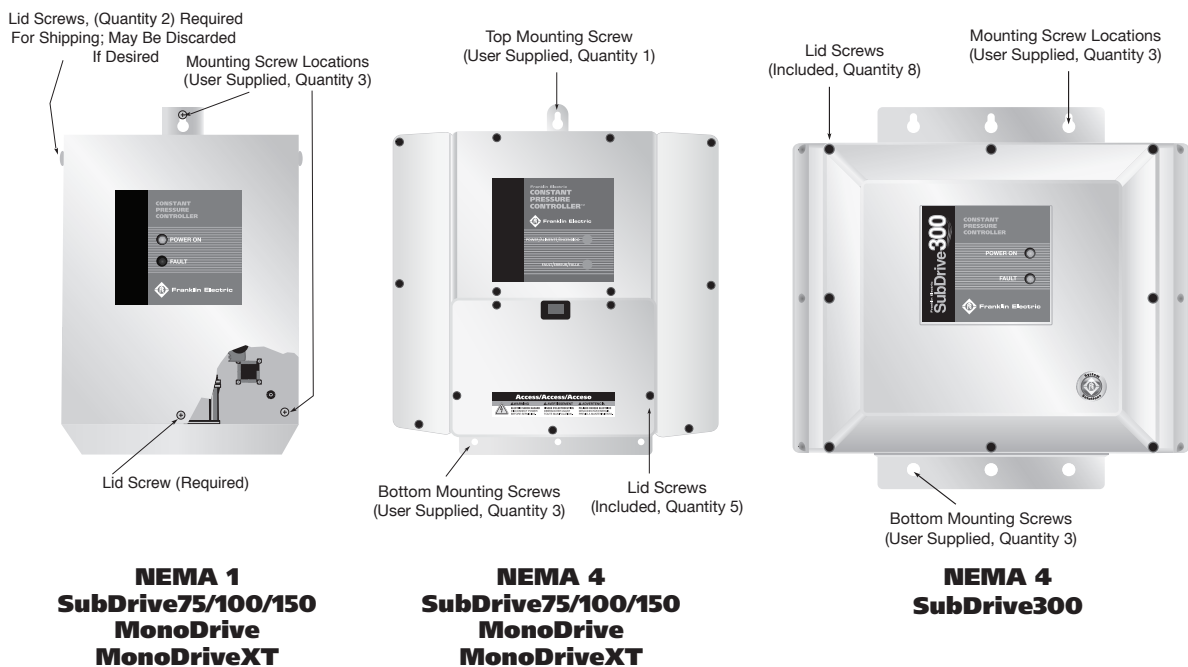
1 PSI = 0.068 bar

**NOTE:** Check tank pre-charge regularly to maintain optimum pressure regulation.

## Installation Procedure

1. Disconnect electrical power at the main breaker.
2. Drain the system (if applicable).
3. Install the pressure sensor at the pressure tank tee downstream of the pressure tank. (The pressure tank should be between the pressure sensor and the pump.) The pressure sensor has a 1/4-18 National Pipe Thread (NPT) connection. The pressure sensor should not be installed in an inverted orientation (upside down). Make sure the pressure sensor and tank are not located more than 3 feet (0.9 m) off the main piping.
4. Install the unit to the wall using 1/4" (2.54 cm) mounting screws (not included) as shown in Figure 1 below. The top mounting holes are slotted in order to hang the drive in place, while the bottom fasteners are inserted to secure the unit from ever sliding up.
5. If the mounting surface is a 4" (10 cm) x 4" (10 cm) wooden post for the NEMA 4 models, use the top center and bottom center mounting holes.
6. Remove the SubDrive lid as shown in Figure 2 below.

**Figure 2: Shipping / Mounting / Lid Screws**



# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Wiring Connections

### **⚠ WARNING**

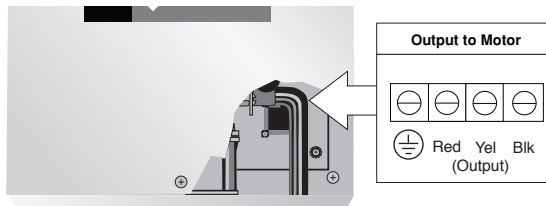
Serious or fatal electrical shock may result from failure to connect the motor, the SubDrive/MonoDrive, metal plumbing and all other metal near the motor, or cable to the power supply ground terminal, using wire no smaller than motor cable wires. To reduce risk of electrical shock, disconnect power before working on or around the water system.

**Do not use motor in swimming areas.**

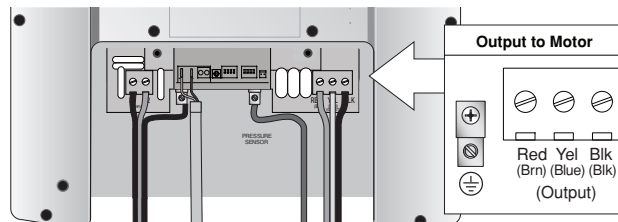
1. Verify that the power has been shut off at the main breaker.
2. Verify that the dedicated branch circuit for the SubDrive/MonoDrive is equipped with a properly-sized circuit breaker. (See Table 2, pg. 23 for minimum breaker size.)
3. Use appropriate strain relief or conduit connectors. For NEMA 4, Type B liquid-tight fittings are recommended for maximum weather protection.
4. Remove the SubDrive/MonoDrive lid.
5. Feed the motor leads through the opening on the bottom right side of the unit and connect them to the terminal block positions marked GND (Green Ground Wire), Red, Yellow and Black (Figure 3).

**Figure 3: Motor Lead Connections**

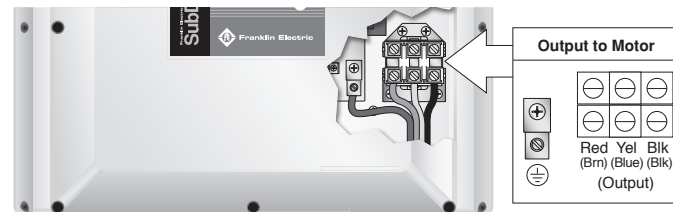
**NEMA 1  
SubDrive75/100/150  
MonoDrive  
MonoDriveXT**



**NEMA 4  
SubDrive75/100/150  
MonoDrive  
MonoDriveXT**



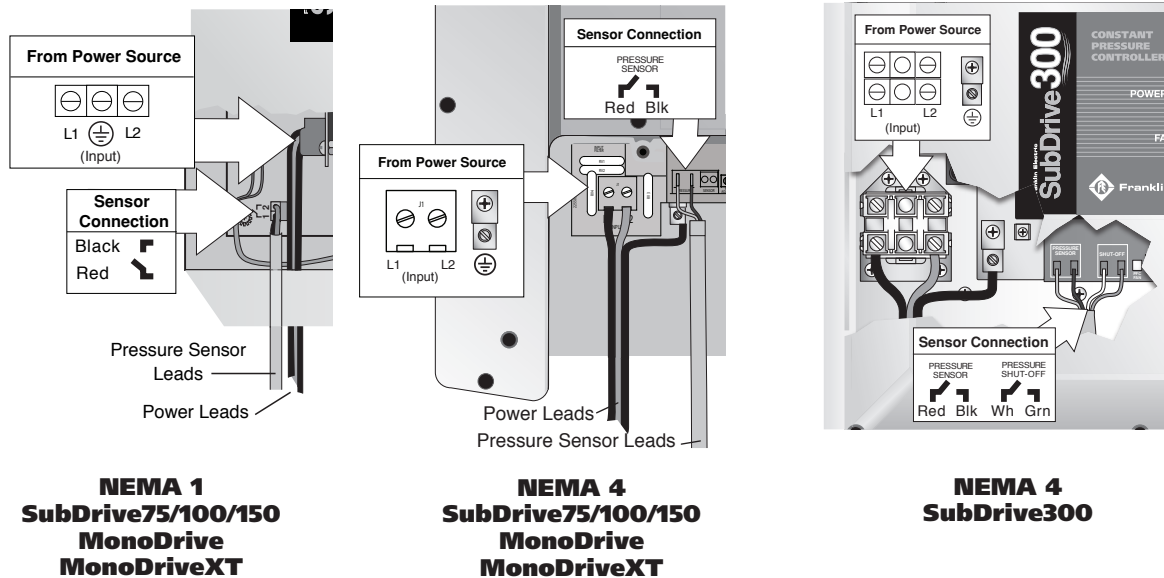
**NEMA 4  
SubDrive300**



### **⚠ CAUTION**

For retrofit application (i.e. MonoDrive), make sure to check integrity of power and motor leads. This requires measuring the insulation resistance with the suitable megohmmeter.

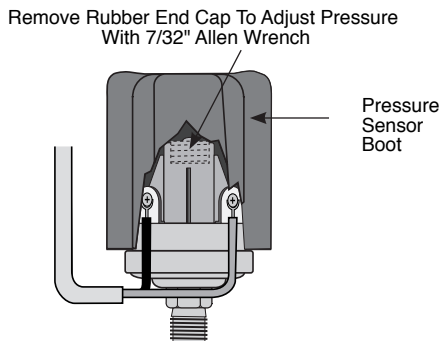
**Figure 4: Power and Pressure Sensor Connections**



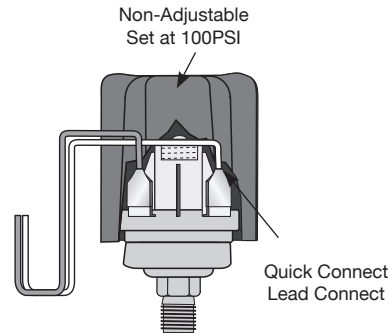
6. Feed the 230 VAC power leads through the larger opening on the bottom left side of the SubDrive/MonoDrive controller and connect them to the terminals marked L1, GND, and L2 (Figure 4).
7. For **NEMA 1** pressure sensor leads, use the smaller opening on the bottom left side of the SubDrive/MonoDrive unit and connect the red and black leads to the terminals marked “1” and “2” (interchangeable) with a small screwdriver (provided). For **NEMA 4** pressure sensor leads, either use input power lead opening or optional knock-outs.
 

**Note:** A 10-foot (3 m) section of pressure sensor cable is provided with the controller, but it is possible to use similar 22 AWG wire for distances up to 100 feet (30 m) from the pressure sensor. A 100-foot (30 m) section of pressure sensor cable is available from your local Franklin Electric distributor. (See Accessories section for details pg. 43.)
8. Verify that the SubDrive/MonoDrive unit is properly configured for the horsepower rating of the motor and pump being used. (See the section on Pump Sizing for information on Drive Configuration pg. 9-14.)
9. Replace the cover. Do not over-tighten the screw.

# SubDrive/MonoDrive



**Figure 5A: Pressure Sensor**



**Figure 5B: Pressure Shut-off Sensor**

10. Connect the other end of the pressure sensor cable with the two spade terminals to the pressure sensor. The connections are interchangeable (Figure 5A).
11. Set the pressure tank pre-charge at 70% of the desired water pressure setting. To check the tank's pre-charge, de-pressurize the water system by opening a tap. Measure the tank pre-charge with a pressure gauge at its inflation valve and make the necessary adjustments.
12. The pressure sensor communicates the system pressure to the SubDrive/MonoDrive controller. The sensor is preset at the factory to 50 psi (3.4 bar), but can be adjusted by the installer using the following procedure:
  - a. Remove the rubber end-cap (Figure 5A).
  - b. Using a 7/32" Allen-wrench (provided), turn the adjusting screw clockwise to increase pressure and counter-clockwise to decrease pressure. The adjustment range is between 25 and 80 psi (1.7 and 5.5 bar) (1/4 turn = approximately 3 psi (0.2 bar)).
  - c. Replace the rubber end cap.
  - d. Cover the pressure sensor terminals with the rubber boot provided (Figure 5A).
13. **Applies to SubDrive300 only.** Connect the sensor end of the pressure sensor cable with the two 1/4" quick connect terminals to the pressure shut-off sensor. The connections are interchangeable (Figure 5B).

## **⚠ CAUTION**

When increasing the pressure, do not exceed the mechanical stop on the pressure sensor or 80 psi (5.5 bar). The pressure sensor may be damaged.

**NOTE:** Ensure that the system is properly grounded all the way to the service entrance panel. Improper grounding may result in the loss of voltage surge protection and interference filtering.



## Special Instructions for Outdoor Installation

SubDrive and MonoDrive controllers with NEMA 4 enclosures are suitable for outdoor use. Special considerations apply for proper operation in outdoor installations. Please observe the following additional installation procedures:

### Installation Procedures for NEMA 4

To assure maximum weather protection, the unit must be mounted vertically with the cover properly aligned and secured as described below. Use appropriate weather-tight conduit fittings to maintain **NEMA 4** rating.

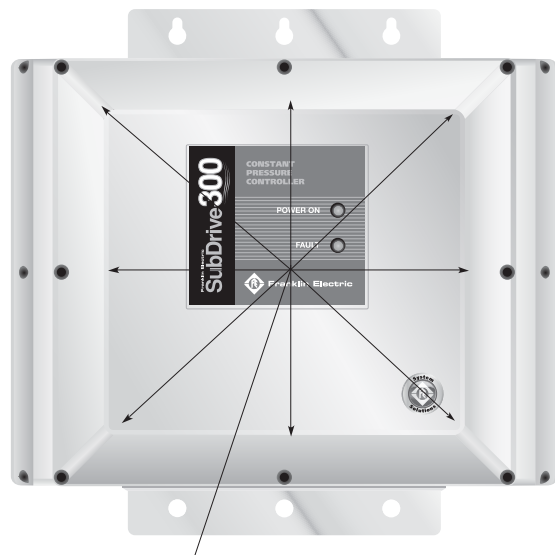
When replacing the cover, tighten all cover screws for maximum weather resistance.

**NEMA 4  
SubDrive75/100/150  
MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT**



**Tighten Cover  
Screws Here**

**NEMA 4  
SubDrive300**



**Tighten Cover  
Screws Here**

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Strain Relief Installation

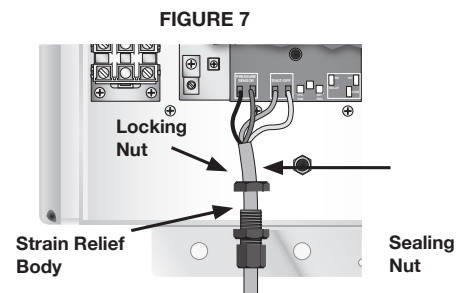
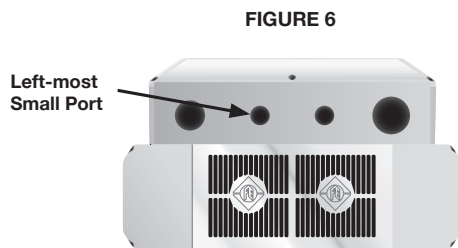
The SubDrive/Monodrives are to be installed per all applicable electrical codes. When NEMA 4 conduit fittings are not required, use the included liquid-tight strain relief when installing the pressure sensor cable through the holes on the bottom side of the NEMA 4 enclosure.

**In order to maintain the liquid-tight rated integrity of the drive enclosure the following torque specifications must be followed:**

**Locking Nut:** 40 – 45 in-lbs (4.52 – 5.08 N-m)    **Sealing Nut:** 50 – 55 in-lbs (5.65 – 6.21 N-m)

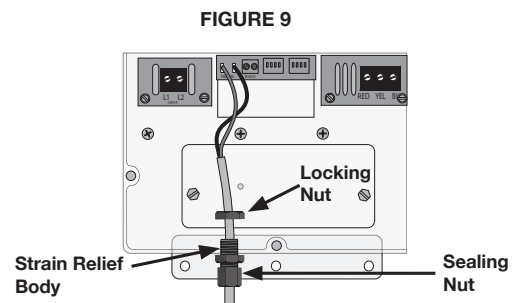
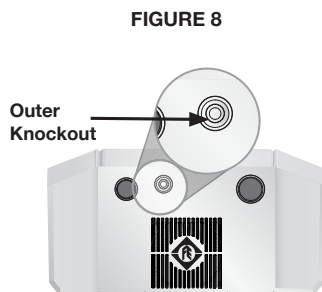
### SubDrive300

- Install the strain relief body and locking nut through the left-most small port on the bottom side of the enclosure. See **FIGURE 6** and **FIGURE 7** below.
- Feed the pressure sensor cable through the sealing nut and then through the strain relief body. Connect the pressure sensor quick-connects to the drive circuit board prior to tightening the sealing nut.



### SubDrive75/100/150 and MonoDrive/XT

- Carefully punch out the outermost knockout hole on the bottom side of the drive. See **FIGURE 8** below.
- Install the strain relief body and locking nut as shown in **FIGURE 9** below.
- Feed the pressure sensor cable through the sealing nut and then through the strain relief body. Connect the pressure sensor quick-connects to the drive circuit board prior to tightening the sealing nut.



### Start-Up and Operation

Apply power to the controller. A steady green light indicates that the SubDrive/MonoDrive has power but the pump is not running. The green light will flash continuously when the pump is running.

#### Leaky Systems

Leaky water systems might keep the controller running due to the accurate pressure sensing capability of the pressure sensor. Continuous running or starts and stops do not hurt the controller, pump or motor. However, to reduce the on-time of the controller/pump/motor, a “Bump-Mode” procedure is installed. During low flow (or leaky) conditions, this feature periodically increases the speed of the pump several psi above the set point and shuts off the pump. This adds some time to bleed off before the system starts up again.

#### NOTE:

Conventional private water systems intermittently fill a pressure tank as commanded by a standard pressure switch (e.g. 30 - 50 psi (2.07 - 3.4 bar)). The SubDrive/MonoDrive maintains a constant pressure at the pressure sensor up to the maximum capability of the motor and pump.

Although the pressure is constant at the pressure sensor, pressure drops may be noticeable in other areas of the home when additional taps are opened. This is due to restrictions in the plumbing and will be more pronounced the farther the taps are from the pressure sensor. This would be true of any system, and if observed, should not be interpreted as a failure in the performance of the SubDrive/MonoDrive.

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Specifications – SubDrive75

Input from Power Source (single-phase)	Voltage	190-260 VAC
	Frequency	60/50 Hz
	Current (max)	11 Amps (RMS)
	Power Factor	1.0 (constant)
	Power (idle)	35 Watts
	Power (max)	2400 Watts
Output to Motor (three-phase)	Voltage	Adjusts with Frequency
	Frequency Range	30-80 Hz (3/4 hp) (0.55 kW) pump 30-70 Hz (1.0 hp) (0.75 kW) pump 30-60 Hz (1.5 hp) (1.1 kW) pump
	Current (max)	5.9 Amps (RMS, each phase)
Pressure Setting	Factory Preset	50 psi (3.4 bar)
	Adjustment Range	25-80 psi (1.7 and 5.5 bar)
Operating Conditions <sup>(A)</sup>	NEMA 1 (indoor)	Model 5870203380
	NEMA 4 (outdoor)	Model 5870203384
	Temperature (at 230 VAC input) (NEMA 1 or NEMA 4)	-13 to 125 °F (-25 to 50 °C)
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 1) Relative Humidity (NEMA 4)	10-95%, non-condensing 0-100%, condensing
Controller Size <sup>(B)</sup> (approximate)	NEMA 1 (indoor)	16 1/2" x 12 3/8" x 9" (41.91 x 31.43 x 22.86 cm) 15.00 lbs (6.80 kg)
	NEMA 4 (outdoor)	17 1/2" x 16 3/8" x 11 3/8" (44.45 x 41.59 x 28.89 cm) 24.14 lbs (10.95 kg)
For Use With <sup>(C)</sup>	Pump (60 Hz)	3/4 hp (0.55 kW) (default) 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) 1.5 hp (1.1 kW)
	Motor (three-phase)	234514 - series (1.5 hp) (1.1 kW)

**Notes:** (A) Operating temperature is specified at full output power when installed as described in Controller Location Selection on pg. 21.

(B) Refer to pg. 41 for detailed Mounting Dimensions.

(C) If a pump other than the default rating is used, refer to pg. 9 for Drive Configuration.

## Specifications – SubDrive100

Input from Power Source (single-phase)	Voltage	190-260 VAC
	Frequency	60/50 Hz
	Current (max)	19 Amps (RMS)
	Power Factor	1.0 (constant)
	Power (idle)	65 Watts
	Power (max)	3800 Watts
Output to Motor (three-phase)	Voltage	Adjusts with Frequency
	Frequency Range	30-80 Hz (1.0 hp (0.75 kW) pump) 30-70 Hz (1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump) 30-60 Hz (2.0 hp (1.5 kW) pump)
	Current (max)	8.1 Amps (RMS, each phase)
	Factory Preset	50 psi (3.4 bar)
Pressure Setting	Adjustment Range	25-80 psi (1.7 -5.5 bar)
	NEMA 1 (indoor) NEMA 4 (outdoor)	Model 5870204100 Model 5870204104
Operating Conditions <sup>(A)</sup>	Temperature (at 230 VAC input) (NEMA 1 or NEMA 4)	-13 to 125 °F (-25 to 50 °C)
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 1)	10-95%, non-condensing
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 4)	0-100%, condensing
Controller Size <sup>(B)</sup> (approximate)	NEMA 1 (indoor)	16 1/2" x 12 3/8" x 9" (41.91 x 31.43 x 22.86 cm) 17.50 lbs (7.94 kg)
	NEMA 4 (outdoor)	17 1/2" x 16 3/8" x 11 3/8" (44.45 x 41.59 x 28.89 cm) 28.32 lbs (12.84 kg)
For Use With <sup>(C)</sup>	Pump (60 Hz)	1.0 hp (0.75 kW) (default) 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) 2.0 hp (1.5 kW)
	Motor (three-phase)	234315 - series (2.0 hp (1.5 kW))

**Notes:** (A) Operating temperature is specified at full output power when installed as described in Controller Location Selection on pg. 21.

(B) Refer to pg. 41 for detailed Mounting Dimensions.

(C) If a pump other than the default rating is used, refer to pg. 10 for Drive Configuration.

## SubDrive/MonoDrive

### Specifications – SubDrive150

Input from Power Source (single-phase)	Voltage	190-260 VAC
	Frequency	60/50 Hz
	Current (max)	23 Amps (RMS)
	Power Factor	1.0 (constant)
	Power (idle)	65 Watts
	Power (max)	4600 Watts
Output to Motor (three-phase)	Voltage	Adjusts with Frequency
	Frequency Range	30-80 Hz (1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump) 30-70 Hz (2.0 hp (1.5 kW) pump) 30-60 Hz (3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump)
	Current (max)	10.9 Amps (RMS, each phase)
	Pressure Setting	Factory Preset: 50 psi (3.4 bar) Adjustment Range: 25-80 psi (1.7 -5.5 bar)
Operating Conditions <sup>(A)</sup>	NEMA 1 (indoor) NEMA 4 (outdoor)	Model 5870204150 Model 5870204154
	Temperature (at 230 VAC input) (NEMA 1 or NEMA 4)	-13 to 125 °F (-25 to 50 °C)
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 1)	10-95%, non-condensing
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 4)	0-100%, condensing
Controller Size <sup>(B)</sup> (approximate)	NEMA 1 (indoor)	16 ½" × 12 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> " × 9" (41.91 x 31.43 x 22.86 cm) 17.50 lbs (7.94 kg)
	NEMA 4 (outdoor)	17½" × 16 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> " × 11 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> " (44.45 x 41.59 x 28.89 cm) 28.32 lbs (12.84 kg)
For Use With <sup>(C)</sup>	Pump (60 Hz)	1.5 hp (1.1 kW) (default) 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) 3.0 hp (2.2 kW)
	Motor (three-phase)	234316 - series (3.0 hp (2.2 kW))

**Notes:** (A) Operating temperature is specified at full output power when installed as described in Controller Location Selection on pg. 21.

(B) Refer to pg. 41 for detailed Mounting Dimensions.

(C) If a pump other than the default rating is used, refer to pg. 11 for Drive Configuration.

## Specifications - SubDrive300

Input from Power Source (single-phase)	Voltage	190-260 VAC
	Frequency	60/50 Hz
	Current (max)	36 Amps (RMS)
	Power Factor	1.0 (constant)
	Power (idle)	65 Watts
	Power (max)	7200 Watts
Output to Motor (three-phase)	Voltage	Adjusts with Frequency
	Frequency Range	30-80 Hz (3.0 hp (2.2 kW) pump) 30-70 Hz (5.0 hp (3.7 kW) pump)
	Current (max)	17.8 Amps (RMS, each phase)
Pressure Setting	Factory Preset	50 psi (3.4 bar)
	Adjustment Range	25-80 psi (1.7 -5.5 bar)
Operating Conditions <sup>(A)</sup>	NEMA 4 (indoor/outdoor)	Model 5870206300
	Temperature (at 230 VAC input)	-13 to 125 °F (-25 to 51 °C)
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 4)	0-100%, condensing
Controller Size <sup>(B)</sup> (approximate)	Outer Dimensions	19 <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> " x 17 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> " x 14 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " (50.48 x 44.45 x 36.20 cm)
	Weight	35.15 lbs (15.94 kg)
For Use With <sup>(C)</sup>	Pump (60 Hz)	3.0 hp (2.2 kW) (default) 5.0 hp (3.7 kW)
	Motor (three-phase)	234317 - series (5.0 hp) (3.7 kW)

**Notes:** (A) Operating temperature is specified at full output power when installed as described in Controller Location Selection on pg. 21.

(B) Refer to pg. 42 for detailed Mounting Dimensions.

(C) If a pump other than the default rating is used, refer to pg. 12 for Drive Configuration.

## SubDrive/MonoDrive

### Specifications – MonoDrive

Input from Power Source (single-phase)	Voltage	190-260 VAC
	Frequency	60/50 Hz
	Current (max)	5.7 Amps (RMS) (½ hp system) 8.7 Amps (RMS) (¾ hp) (0.55 kW) system 11 Amps (RMS) (1.0 hp) (0.75 kW) system
	Power Factor	1.0 (constant)
	Power (idle)	35 Watts
	Power (max)	1150 Watts (½ hp system) 1750 Watts (¾ hp) (0.55 kW) system 2150 Watts (1.0 hp) (0.75 kW) system
	Output to Motor 3-wire	Voltage
Frequency Range		30-60 Hz
Main Phase Current (max)		4.0 Amps (RMS, ½ hp system) 6.6 Amps (RMS, ¾ hp) (0.55 kW) system 9.0 Amps (RMS, 1.0 hp) (0.75 kW) system
Pressure Setting	Factory Preset	50 psi (3.4 bar)
	Adjustment Range	25-80 psi (1.7 -5.5 bar)
Operating Conditions <sup>(A)</sup>	NEMA 1 (indoor) NEMA 4 (outdoor)	Model 5870203110 Model 5870203114
	Temperature (at 230 VAC input)	-13 to 125 °F (-25 to 50 °C)
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 1)	10-95%, non-condensing
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 4)	0-100%, condensing
Controller Size <sup>(B)</sup> (approximate)	NEMA 1 (indoor)	16½" × 12¾" × 9" (41.91 x 31.43 x 22.86 cm) 15.00 lbs (6.80 kg)
	NEMA 4 (outdoor)	17½" × 16¾" × 11¾" (44.45 x 41.59 x 28.89 cm) 24.14 lbs (10.95 kg)
For Use With <sup>(C)</sup>	½ hp pump with 214505- series ½ hp motor ¾ hp (0.55 kW) pump with 214507- series ¾ hp (0.55 kW) motor (default) 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) pump with 214508- series 1.0 hp (0.75 kW) motor	

**Notes:** (A) Operating temperature is specified at full output power when installed as described in Controller Location Selection on pg. 21.

(B) Refer to pg. 41 for detailed Mounting Dimensions.

(C) If a pump and motor other than the default rating is used, refer to pg. 13 for Drive Configuration.



## Specifications – MonoDriveXT

Input from Power Source (single-phase)	Voltage	190-260 VAC
	Frequency	60/50 Hz
	Current (max)	13 Amps (RMS) (1.5 hp) (1.1 kW) system 16 Amps (RMS) (2.0 hp) (1.5 kW) system
	Power Factor	1.0 (constant)
	Power (idle)	65 Watts
Output to Motor 3-wire	Power (max)	2500 Watts (1.5 hp (1.1 kW) system) 3100 Watts (2.0 hp (1.5 kW) system)
	Voltage	Adjusts with Frequency
	Frequency Range	30-60 Hz
Pressure Setting	Main Phase Current (max)	10 Amps (RMS, 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) system) 12 Amps (RMS, 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) system)
	Factory Preset	50 psi (3.4 bar)
Operating Conditions <sup>(A)</sup>	Adjustment Range	25-80 psi
	NEMA 1 (indoor)	Model 5870204110
	NEMA 4 (outdoor)	Model 5870204114
	Temperature (at 230 VAC input)	-13 to 125 °F (-25 to 50 °C)
Controller Size <sup>(B)</sup> (approximate)	Relative Humidity (NEMA 1)	10-95%, non-condensing
	Relative Humidity (NEMA 4)	0-100%, condensing
	NEMA 1 (indoor)	16½" × 12¾" × 9" (41.91 x 31.43 x 22.86 cm) 17.50 lbs (7.94 kg)
For Use With <sup>(C)</sup>	NEMA 4 (outdoor)	17½" × 16¾" × 11¾" (44.45 x 41.59 x 28.89 cm) 28.32 lbs (12.84 kg)
	1.5 hp (1.1 kW) pump with 224300- series 1.5 hp (1.1 kW) motor (default) 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) pump with 224301- series 2.0 hp (1.5 kW) motor	

**Notes:** (A) Operating temperature is specified at full output power when installed as described in Controller Location Selection on pg. 21.

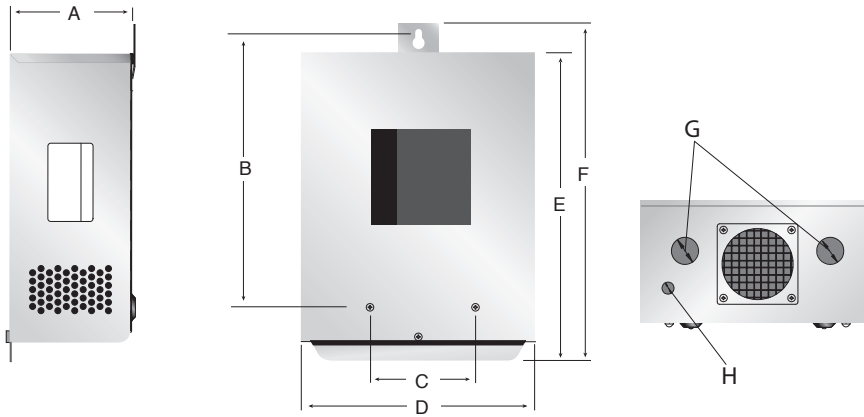
(B) Refer to pg. 41 for detailed Mounting Dimensions.

(C) If a pump and motor other than the default rating is used, refer to pg. 14 for Drive Configuration.

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Mounting Dimensions

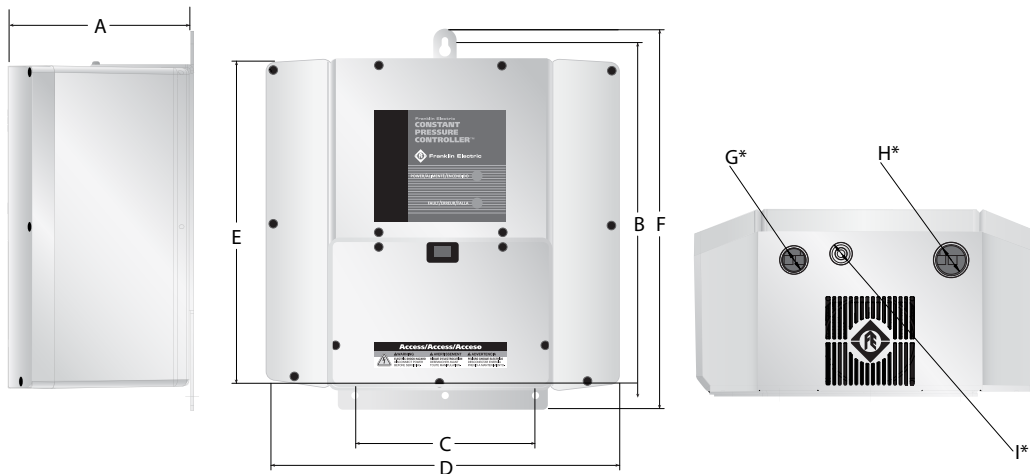
### SubDrive75/100/150/MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT Indoor Enclosure (NEMA 1):



#### Dimensions in Inches and Centimeters (approximate)

NEMA 1	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Dimension	5.25 (13.34)	11.5 (29.21)	5.5 (13.97)	9.75 (24.77)	12.8 (32.51)	14.0 (35.56)	1.12 (2.85)	0.5 (1.27)
Conduit Sizes	-	-	-	-	-	-	¾ (1.91)	-

### SubDrive75/100/150/MonoDrive/MonoDriveXT Outdoor Enclosure (NEMA 4):



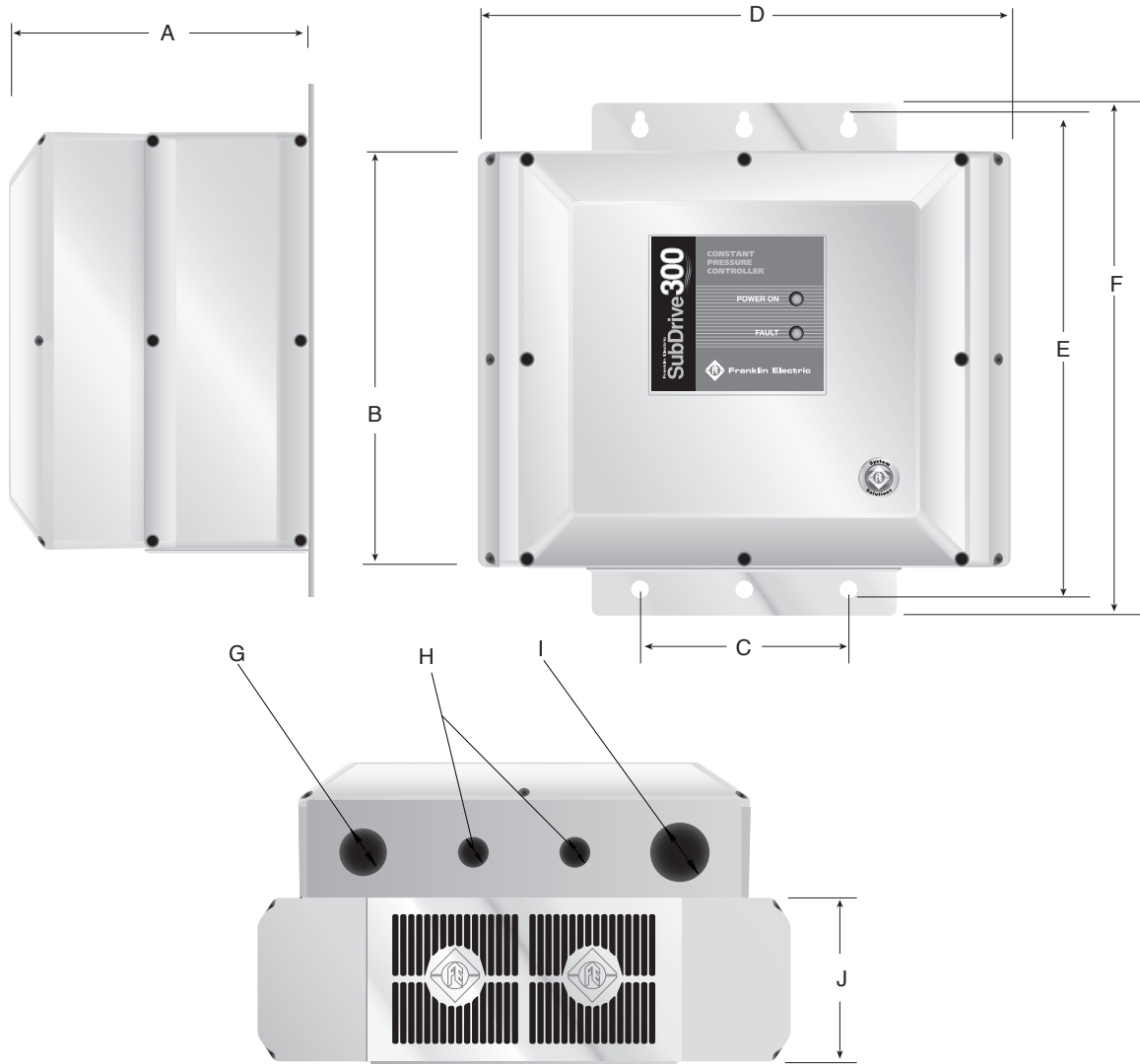
#### Dimensions in Inches and Centimeters (approximate)

NEMA 4	A	B	C	D	E	F	G*	H*	I*
Dimension	7.25 (18.42)	12.6 (32)	7.0 (17.78)	13.6 (34.54)	12.5 (31.75)	14.8 (37.59)	0.875/ 1.100 (2.79)	1.100/ 1.375 (3.49)	closed/ 0.473 (1.20)
Conduit Sizes	-	-	-	-	-	-	½ (1.27) / ¾ (1.91)	¾ (1.91) / 1 (2.59)	½ (1.27)

\* Use knock-outs as required.

# Mounting Dimensions

## SubDrive300 Outdoor Enclosure (NEMA 4):



### Dimensions in Inches and Centimeters (approximate)

NEMA 4	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J
Dimension	8.75 (22.23)	12.00 (30.48)	6.0 (15.24)	15.34 (38.96)	14.00 (35.56)	14.75 (37.47)	1.37 (3.48)	0.885 (2.25)	1.71 (4.34)	4.75 (12.07)
Conduit Size	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 (2.54)	½ (1.27)	1¼ (3.18)	-

## SubDrive/MonoDrive

### Accessories

**Pressure Sensor Kit** - replacement sensor with 10 ft of 22 AWG cable and sensor adjustment tool: **223 995 901** (SubDrive75/100/150, MonoDrive, MonoDriveXT)

**Sensor Cable Kit** - 100 feet of 22 AWG pressure sensor cable: **223 995 902** (SubDrive75/100/150, MonoDrive, MonoDriveXT)

**Pressure Sensor Kit** - replacement sensor, pressure shut-off switch with 10 ft of 22 AWG cable and sensor adjustment tool: **225 495 901** (SubDrive300)

**Sensor Cable Kit** - 100 ft of 22 AWG pressure sensor and pressure shut-off switch cable: **225 495 902** (SubDrive300)

**Input Filter** – filter used on the input side of drive to help eliminate interference: **225 198 901** (SubDrive75/100/150, MonoDrive, MonoDriveXT)

**Output Filter** – filter used on the output side of the drive to help eliminate interference: **225 300 901** (SubDrive75/100/150, MonoDrive, MonoDriveXT)

**System Filter** – filter used as a system filter on input and output of the drive to help eliminate interference: **225 650 901** (SubDrive300)

**Surge Capacitor** – capacitor used on the service panel to help eliminate power interference: **225 199 901** (SubDrive75/100/150/300, MonoDrive, MonoDriveXT)

**MonoDrive / SubDrive75 N1 Fan Kit** – replacement fan for NEMA 1 SubDrive75 and MonoDrive with 80 mm (3.15 in) fan: **225 635 905**

**MonoDrive / SubDrive75 N1 Fan Kit** – replacement fan for NEMA 1 SubDrive75 and MonoDrive with 92 mm (3.62 in) fan: **225 635 908**

**MonoDriveXT / SubDrive100/150 N1 Fan Kit** – replacement fan for NEMA 1 SubDrive100/150 and MonoDriveXT with 80mm (3.15 in) fan: **225 635 907**

**MonoDriveXT / SubDrive100/150 N1 Fan Kit** – replacement fan for NEMA 1 SubDrive100/150 and MonoDriveXT with 92 mm (3.62 in) fan: **225 635 909**

**MonoDrive / SubDrive75 N4 Fan Kit** – replacement fan for NEMA 4 SubDrive75 and MonoDrive: **225 635 901**

**MonoDriveXT/ SubDrive100/150 N4 Fan Kit** – replacement fan for NEMA 4 SubDrive100/150 and MonoDriveXT: **225 635 902**

**SubDrive300 N4 External Fans Kit** – replacement external fans for NEMA 4 SubDrive300: **225 635 903**

**SubDrive300 N4 Internal Stirring Fan Kit** – replacement internal stirring fan for NEMA 4 SubDrive300: **225 635 904**

**Notes**

# SubDrive/MonoDrive

## Notes

**DIAGNOSTIC FAULT CODES**

NUMBER OF FLASHES	FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
1	MOTOR UNDERLOAD	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Overpumped well</li> <li>- Broken shaft or coupling</li> <li>- Blocked screen, worn pump</li> <li>- Air/gas locked pump</li> <li>- SubDrive not set properly for pump end</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Frequency near maximum with less than 65% of expected load, 42% if DIP #3 is "on"</li> <li>- System is drawing down to pump inlet (out of water)</li> <li>- High static, light loading pump - reset DIP switch #3 to "on" for less sensitivity if not out of water</li> <li>- Check pump rotation (SubDrive only) reconnect if necessary for proper rotation</li> <li>- Air/gas locked pump - If possible, set deeper in well to reduce</li> <li>- Verify DIP switches are set properly</li> </ul>
2	UNDERVOLTAGE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Low line voltage</li> <li>- Mismatched input leads</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Line voltage low, less than approximately 150 VAC (normal operating range = 190 to 260 VAC)</li> <li>- Check incoming power connections and correct or tighten if necessary</li> <li>- Correct incoming voltage - check circuit breaker or fuses, contact power company</li> </ul>
3	LOCKED PUMP	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Motor and/or pump misalignment</li> <li>- Dragging motor and/or pump</li> <li>- Abrasives in pump</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Amperage above SFL at 10 Hz</li> <li>- Remove and repair or replace as required</li> </ul>
4 (MonoDrive & MonoDriveXT only)	INCORRECTLY WIRED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- MonoDrive only</li> <li>- Wrong resistance values on main and start</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Wrong resistance on DC test at start</li> <li>- Check wiring, check motor size and DIP switch setting, adjust or repair as needed</li> </ul>
5	OPEN CIRCUIT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Loose connection</li> <li>- Defective motor or drop cable</li> <li>- Wrong motor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Open reading on DC test at start.</li> <li>- Check drop cable and motor resistance, tighten output connections, repair or replace as necessary, use "dry" motor to check drive functions, if drive will not run and exhibits underload fault replace drive</li> </ul>
6	SHORT CIRCUIT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- When fault is indicated immediately after power-up, short circuit due to loose connection, defective cable, splice or motor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Amperage exceeded 50 amps on DC test at start or SF amps during running</li> <li>- Incorrect output wiring, phase to phase short, phase to ground short in wiring or motor</li> <li>- If fault is present after resetting and removing motor leads, replace drive</li> </ul>
7	OVERHEATED DRIVE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- High ambient temperature</li> <li>- Direct sunlight</li> <li>- Obstruction of airflow</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Drive heat sink has exceeded max rated temperature, needs to drop below 85 °C to restart</li> <li>- Fan blocked or inoperable, ambient above 125 °F, direct sunlight, air flow blocked</li> <li>- Replace fan or relocate drive as necessary</li> </ul>
8 (SubDrive300 only)	OVER PRESSURE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Improper pre-charge</li> <li>- Valve closing too fast</li> <li>- Pressure setting too close to relief valve rating</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Reset the pre-charge pressure to 70% of sensor setting. Reduce pressure setting well below relief valve rating. Use next size larger pressure tank.</li> <li>- Verify valve operation is within manufacturer's specifications.</li> <li>- Reduce system pressure setting to a value less than pressure relief rating.</li> </ul>
<b>RAPID</b>	INTERNAL FAULT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- A fault was found internal to drive</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Contact your Franklin Electric Service Personnel</li> </ul>

Power down, disconnect leads to the motor and power up the SubDrive:

- If the SubDrive does not give an "open phase" fault (5 flashes every 2 seconds), then there is a problem with the SubDrive.
- Connect the SubDrive to a dry motor. If the motor goes through DC test and gives "underload" fault (1 flash every 2 seconds), the SubDrive is working properly.



## SUBDRIVE TROUBLESHOOTING

CONDITION	INDICATOR LIGHTS	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
NO WATER	NONE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- No supply voltage present</li> <li>- Pressure sensor circuit</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If correct voltage is present, replace drive</li> <li>- Verify water pressure is below system set point</li> <li>- Jumper wires together at pressure sensor; if pump starts, replace sensor</li> <li>- If pump doesn't start, check sensor connection at printed circuit board (PCB), if loose, repair</li> <li>- If pump doesn't start, jumper sensor connection at PCB, if pump starts, replace wire</li> <li>- If pump doesn't start with sensor PCB connection jumpered, replace drive</li> </ul>
	SOLID RED OR SOLID RED AND GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Power surge, bad component</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Power system down to clear fault, verify voltage, if repetitive, replace drive</li> </ul>
	FLASHING RED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Fault detected</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Proceed to fault code description and remedy</li> </ul>
	FLASHING GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Drive and motor are operating</li> <li>- Loose switch or cable connection</li> <li>- Gulping water at pump inlet</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Frequency max, amps low, check for closed valve, or stuck check valve</li> <li>- Frequency max, amps high, check for hole in pipe</li> <li>- Frequency max, amps erratic, check pump operation, dragging impellers</li> <li>- This is not a drive problem</li> <li>- Check all connections</li> <li>- Disconnect power and allow well to recover for short time, then retry</li> </ul>
	FLASHING RED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pressure sensor placement and setting</li> <li>- Pressure gauge placement</li> <li>- Pressure tank size and pre-charge</li> <li>- Leak in system</li> <li>- Air entrainment into pump intake (lack of submergence)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Correct pressure and placement as necessary</li> <li>- Tank may be too small for system flow</li> <li>- This is not a drive problem</li> <li>- Disconnect power and check pressure gauge for pressure drop</li> <li>- Set deeper in the well or tank; install a flow sleeve with airtight seal around drop pipe and cable</li> <li>- If fluctuation is only on branches before sensor, flip DIP switch #4 to "on" (07C and newer)</li> </ul>
PRESSURE FLUCTUATIONS (POOR REGULATION)	FLASHING GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pressure sensor placement and setting</li> <li>- Tank pre-charge pressure</li> <li>- Impeller damage</li> <li>- Leaky system</li> <li>- Sized improperly (pump can't build enough head)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Check frequency at low flows, pressure setting may be too close to pump max head</li> <li>- Verify precharge at 70% if tank size is larger than minimum, increase precharge (up to 85%)</li> <li>- Verify that the system will build and hold pressure</li> </ul>
RUN ON WON'T SHUT DOWN	FLASHING GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pressure sensor placement and setting</li> <li>- Tank pre-charge pressure</li> <li>- Impeller damage</li> <li>- Leaky system</li> <li>- Sized improperly (pump can't build enough head)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Proceed to fault code description and remedy on reverse side</li> </ul>
RUNS BUT TRIPS	FLASHING RED	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Check fault code and see corrective action</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Adjust pressure sensor, check pump rotation</li> </ul>
LOW PRESSURE	FLASHING GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pressure sensor setting, pump rotation, pump sizing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Check frequency at max flow, check max pressure</li> </ul>
HIGH PRESSURE	FLASHING GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pressure sensor setting</li> <li>- Shorted sensor wire</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Adjust pressure sensor</li> <li>- Remove sensor wire at PCB, if drive continues to run, replace drive</li> <li>- Verify condition of sensor wire and repair or replace if necessary</li> </ul>
AUDIBLE NOISE	FLASHING GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Fan, hydraulic, plumbing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- For excessive fan noise, replace fan</li> <li>- If fan noise is normal, drive will need to be relocated to a more remote area</li> <li>- If hydraulic, try raising or lowering depth of pump</li> <li>- Pressure tank location should be at entrance of water line into house</li> </ul>
NO LIGHTS	NONE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Ribbon cable detached from LED printed circuit board</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Reattach cable - if cable is attached, replace drive</li> </ul>
RFI/EMI INTERFERENCE	FLASHING GREEN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- See interference troubleshooting procedure</li> </ul>	